UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REP	ORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly per	iod ended June 30, 20			
		OR		
☐ TRANSITION REP	ORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition per	riod from to			
		Commission file number 000-2	2418	
		ITRON, INC	.	
		(Exact name of registrant as specified in		
	Washington		91-1011792	
(State	of Incorporation)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
	21	11 N Molter Road, Liberty Lake, Was	hington 99019	
		(509) 924-9900		
	(Address	s and telephone number of registrant's princ	ipal executive offices)	
	ths (or for such shorte		by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Excled to file such reports), and (2) has been sub-	
			ive Data File required to be submitted pursua a shorter period that the registrant was require	
2	e the definitions of "la	2	filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting "smaller reporting company," and "emerging	0 1 3/
Large accelerated filer	X		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	□ (Do not che	ck if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	
			Emerging growth company	
	• •	nark if the registrant has elected not to unant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange A	use the extended transition period for complyind Act. \Box	ng with any new or
Indicate by check mark whethe	•	ell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 ourities registered pursuant to Section i	• ,	
Title of each	class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which re	gistered
Common stock, no	par value	ITRI	NASDAQ Global Select Marke	et
As of July 31, 2019, there were registrant.	outstanding 39,458,5	95 shares of the registrant's common sto	ock, no par value, which is the only class of co	mmon stock of the

Itron, Inc. Table of Contents

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PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1: Financial Statements (Unaudited)

ITRON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

In thousands, except per share data 2019 2018 2019 2018 Revenues Revenues 5 566,047 \$ 515,914 \$ 1,110,897 \$ 1,053,024 Service revenues 68,990 69,976 138,716 140,087 Total revenues 635,037 585,890 1,249,613 1,193,111 Cost of revenues 401,033 366,542 787,135 749,392 Service cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Rose profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Rose profit 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Rose profit 49,449 54,775 99,399 115,059 Rose profit 476,517 17,999 32,090 35,739 Rose profit 476,560 156,014 314,096 476,317 Rose profit 476,560 156,014			Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
Product revenues S 566,047 S 515,914 S 1,110,897 S 1,053,024 Service revenues 68,990 69,976 138,716 140,087 Total revenues 635,037 S85,890 1,249,613 1,193,111 Cost of revenues Product cost of revenues 44,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Gross profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Copyrating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,494 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring 6(6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 16,000 1,003 3,704 (164) Total other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 3,704 (164) Total other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 3,704 (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,556 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,556 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,556 7,554 34,508 (149,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,556 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 671 1,116 2,429 5,512 Net income (loss) per common share - Basic 5 0,49 5 0,07 5 0,44 5 0,366 Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted 5 0,49 5 0,07 5 0,44 5 0,366 Weighted average common share - Diluted 5 0,49 5 0,07 5 0,44 5 0,366	In thousands, except per share data		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Service revenues 68,990 69,976 138,716 140,087 Total revenues 635,037 585,890 1,249,613 1,193,111 Cost of revenues 401,033 366,542 787,135 749,392 Service cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Gross profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Operating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Oher income (expense) 134,496 (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) <t< td=""><td>Revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Revenues										
Total revenues	Product revenues	\$	566,047	\$	515,914	\$	1,110,897	\$	1,053,024		
Cost of revenues 401,033 366,542 787,135 749,392 Service cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Gross profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Operating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,393 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 134,965 1,4645 (27,031) (30,149) Interest sepnes (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060	Service revenues		68,990		69,976		138,716		140,087		
Product cost of revenues 401,033 366,542 787,135 749,392 Service cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Gross profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Operating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense)	Total revenues		635,037		585,890		1,249,613		1,193,111		
Service cost of revenues 42,790 42,771 84,001 87,287 Total cost of revenues 443,823 409,313 871,136 836,679 Gross profit 191,214 176,577 378,477 356,432 Operating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 <	Cost of revenues										
Total cost of revenues	Product cost of revenues		401,033		366,542		787,135		749,392		
Page	Service cost of revenues		42,790		42,771		84,001		87,287		
Operating expenses Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317	Total cost of revenues		443,823		409,313		871,136		836,679		
Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,339 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (144,97) Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968	Gross profit		191,214		176,577		378,477		356,432		
Sales, general and administrative 88,259 88,863 180,974 243,277 Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,339 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (144,97) Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968											
Research and development 49,449 54,775 99,939 115,059 Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (141,497) Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 </td <td>Operating expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating expenses										
Amortization of intangible assets 16,117 17,999 32,090 35,739 Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Net income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (144,947) Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic <td>Sales, general and administrative</td> <td></td> <td>88,259</td> <td></td> <td>88,863</td> <td></td> <td>180,974</td> <td></td> <td>243,277</td>	Sales, general and administrative		88,259		88,863		180,974		243,277		
Restructuring (6,169) (5,623) 1,093 82,242 Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Net income (loss) before income taxes 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ 0.	Research and development		49,449		54,775		99,939		115,059		
Total operating expenses 147,656 156,014 314,096 476,317 Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income (loss) before income taxes (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389	Amortization of intangible assets		16,117		17,999		32,090		35,739		
Operating income (loss) 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 1 43,558 20,563 64,381 (119,885) Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstan	Restructuring		(6,169)		(5,623)		1,093		82,242		
Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to incontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Total operating expenses		147,656		156,014		314,096		476,317		
Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to incontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095											
Other income (expense) 534 633 862 1,294 Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to incontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Operating income (loss)		43,558		20,563		64,381		(119,885)		
Interest income 534 633 862 1,294 Interest expense (13,496) (14,645) (27,031) (30,149) Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	1 , ,		,		•		,				
Other income (expense), net (2,060) 1,003 (3,704) (164) Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019) Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095			534		633		862		1,294		
Total other income (expense) (15,022) (13,009) (29,873) (29,019)	Interest expense		(13,496)		(14,645)		(27,031)		(30,149)		
Income (loss) before income taxes 28,536 7,554 34,508 (148,904) Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Other income (expense), net		(2,060)		1,003		(3,704)		(164)		
Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Total other income (expense)		(15,022)		(13,009)		(29,873)		(29,019)		
Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095											
Income tax benefit (provision) (8,419) (3,781) (14,540) 7,407 Net income (loss) 20,117 3,773 19,968 (141,497) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Income (loss) before income taxes		28,536		7,554		34,508		(148,904)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 671 1,116 2,429 1,512 Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Income tax benefit (provision)		(8,419)		(3,781)		(14,540)		7,407		
Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc. \$ 19,446 \$ 2,657 \$ 17,539 \$ (143,009) Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Net income (loss)		20,117		3,773		19,968		(141,497)		
Net income (loss) per common share - Basic \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		671		1,116		2,429		1,512		
Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc.	\$	19,446	\$	2,657	\$	17,539	\$	(143,009)		
Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095											
Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted \$ 0.49 \$ 0.07 \$ 0.44 \$ (3.66) Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Net income (loss) per common share - Basic	\$	0.49	\$	0.07	\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic 39,389 39,243 39,523 39,095	Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted	\$	0.49	\$	0.07	\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)		
	· ·										
	Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic		39.389		39.243		39 523		39 095		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted 39.686 39.789 39.875 39.095	Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted		39,686		39,789		39,875		39,095		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.}$

ITRON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)

		Three Months	End	led June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
In thousands	2019			2018		2019		2018		
Net income (loss)	\$	20,117	\$	3,773	\$	19,968	\$	(141,497)		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:										
Foreign currency translation adjustments		5,187		(34,160)		2,801		(17,860)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, designated as cash flow hedges		(1,634)		486		(1,499)		1,655		
Pension benefit obligation adjustment		183		401		654		815		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		3,736		(33,273)		1,956		(15,390)		
Total comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		23,853		(29,500)		21,924		(156,887)		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of tax		671		1,116		2,429		1,512		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc.	\$	23,182	\$	(30,616)	\$	19,495	\$	(158,399)		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.}$

ITRON, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

In thousands	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Decen	nber 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	135,736	\$	120,221
Accounts receivable, net		466,366		437,161
Inventories		229,910		220,674
Other current assets		130,584		118,085
Total current assets		962,596		896,141
Property, plant, and equipment, net		228,513		226,551
Deferred tax assets, net		60,977		64,830
Restricted cash		2,066		2,056
Other long-term assets		40,918		45,288
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net		79,456		_
Intangible assets, net		221,767		257,583
Goodwill		1,110,061		1,116,533
Total assets	\$	2,706,354	\$	2,608,982
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	320,582	\$	309,951
Other current liabilities	Ψ	69,139	Ψ	70,136
Wages and benefits payable		102,577		88,603
Taxes payable		17,115		14,753
Current portion of debt		26,563		28,438
Current portion of warranty		38,987		47,205
Unearmed revenue		95,197		93,621
Total current liabilities	-	670,160		652,707
Long-term debt		969,710		988,185
Long-term warranty		18,125		13,238
Pension benefit obligation		92,073		91,522
Deferred tax liabilities, net		1,514		1,543
Operating lease liabilities		68,387		_
Other long-term obligations		139,786		127,739
Total liabilities		1,959,755		1,874,934
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)				
Equity				
Preferred stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding	7	_		_
Common stock, no par value, 75,000 shares authorized, 39,395 and 39,498 shares				
issued and outstanding		1,325,508		1,334,364
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		(194,349)		(196,305)
Accumulated deficit		(407,857)		(425,396)
Total Itron, Inc. shareholders' equity		723,302		712,663
Noncontrolling interests		23,297		21,385
Total equity		746,599		734,048
Total liabilities and equity	\$	2,706,354	\$	2,608,982

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITRON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

_	Common Stock							tal Itron, Inc.				
In thousands	Shares	Amount		umulated Other prehensive Loss	Α	Accumulated Deficit	5	hareholders' Equity	No	oncontrolling Interests	To	tal Equity
Balances at January 1, 2019	39,498	\$1,334,364	\$	(196,305)	\$	(425,396)	\$	712,663	\$	21,385	\$	734,048
Net income (loss)						(1,907)		(1,907)		1,758		(149)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				(1,780)				(1,780)				(1,780)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests										(517)		(517)
Stock issues and repurchases:												
Options exercised	20	889						889				889
Restricted stock awards released net of repurchased shares for taxes	319	(720)						(720)				(720)
Issuance of stock-based compensation awards	2	157						157				157
Employee stock purchase plan	19	869						869				869
Stock-based compensation expense		7,048						7,048				7,048
Shares repurchased	(165)	(7,814)						(7,814)				(7,814)
Balances at March 31, 2019	39,693	\$ 1,334,793	\$	(198,085)	\$	(427,303)	\$	709,405	\$	22,626	\$	732,031
Net income (loss)						19,446		19,446		671		20,117
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				3,736				3,736				3,736
Distributions to noncontrolling interests										_		_
Stock issues and repurchases:												
Options exercised	39	1,501						1,501				1,501
Restricted stock awards released net of repurchased shares for taxes	7	(920)						(920)				(920)
Issuance of stock-based compensation awards	3	158						158				158
Employee stock purchase plan	17	742						742				742
Stock-based compensation expense		6,420						6,420				6,420
Shares repurchased	(364)	(17,186)						(17,186)				(17,186)
Balances at June 30, 2019	39,395	\$ 1,325,508	\$	(194,349)	\$	(407,857)	\$	723,302	\$	23,297	\$	746,599

	Com	mon Stock	Accumulated Other			Accumulated	Total Itron, Inc. Shareholders'		oncontrolling		
In thousands	Shares	Amount	Co	mprehensive Loss		Deficit	Equity		Interests	To	otal Equity
Balances at January 1, 2018	38,771	\$1,294,767	\$	(170,478)	\$	(337,873)	\$ 786,416	\$	19,216	\$	805,632
Net Income (loss)						(145,666)	(145,666)		396		(145,270)
Cumulative effect of accounting change						11,727	11,727				11,727
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				17,883			17,883				17,883
Distributions to noncontrolling interests									(981)		(981)
Stock issues and repurchases:											
Options exercised	62	2,883					2,883				2,883
Restricted stock awards released	338	_					_				_
Issuance of stock-based compensation awards	2	207					207				207
Employee stock purchase plan	8	501					501				501
Stock-based compensation expense		7,888					7,888				7,888
Registration fee		(7)					(7)				(7)
SSNI acquisition adjustments, net		4,140					4,140				4,140
Balances at March 31, 2018	39,181	\$ 1,310,379	\$	(152,595)	\$	(471,812)	\$ 685,972	\$	18,631	\$	704,603
Net income (loss)						2,657	2,657		1,116		3,773
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				(33,273)			(33,273)				(33,273)
Contribution from noncontrolling interests									481		481
Stock issues and repurchases:											
Options exercised	26	655					655				655
Restricted stock awards released	60	_					_				_
Issuance of stock-based compensation awards	2	207					207				207
Employee stock purchase plan	10	627					627				627
Stock-based compensation expense		8,317					8,317				8,317
Registration Fee		(16)					(16)				(16)
SSNI acquisition adjustments, net		(2,388)					(2,388)				(2,388)
Balances at June 30, 2018	39,279	\$ 1,317,781	\$	(185,868)	\$	(469,155)	\$ 662,758	\$	20,228	\$	682,986

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.}$

ITRON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
In thousands		2019	2018					
Operating activities								
Net income (loss)	\$	19,968 \$	(141,497)					
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets		57,068	61,979					
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets		9,481	_					
Stock-based compensation		13,783	16,619					
Amortization of prepaid debt fees		2,402	4,602					
Deferred taxes, net		2,076	(15,319)					
Restructuring, non-cash		(5,295)	624					
Other adjustments, net		(3,471)	1,205					
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:								
Accounts receivable		(29,121)	12,804					
Inventories		(9,202)	3,385					
Other current assets		(14,413)	(1,921)					
Other long-term assets		6,616	4,514					
Accounts payable, other current liabilities, and taxes payable		(2,801)	(16,994)					
Wages and benefits payable		13,484	762					
Unearned revenue		14,961	31,156					
Warranty		(3,270)	3,756					
Other operating, net								
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u></u>	5,797	51,204					
Net eash provided by operating activities		78,063	16,879					
Tayyostina antivitina								
Investing activities								
Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment		(26,511)	(29,309)					
Business acquisitions, net of cash equivalents acquired		_	(802,488)					
Other investing, net		9,773	(543					
Net cash used in investing activities		(16,738)	(832,340)					
Financing activities								
Proceeds from borrowings		50,000	761,938					
Payments on debt		(72,188)	(242,234)					
Issuance of common stock		4,001	4,927					
Repurchase of common stock		(25,000)	_					
Prepaid debt fees		(175)	(24,042)					
Other financing, net		(3,165)	(2,580)					
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(46,527)	498,009					
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		727	(4,841)					
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		15,525	(322,293)					
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period		122,328	487,335					
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$	137,853 \$	165,042					
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:								
Cash paid during the period for:								
Income taxes, net	ø	6 571 6	2.426					
Interest	\$	6,571 \$	3,426					
interest		23,333	15,383					

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$

ITRON, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the terms "we," "us," "our," "Itron," and the "Company" refer to Itron, Inc.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Preparation

The condensed consolidated financial statements presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are unaudited and reflect entries necessary for the fair presentation of the Consolidated Statements of Operations, the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), Consolidated Statements of Equity, and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, of Itron, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All entries required for the fair presentation of the financial statements are of a normal recurring nature, except as disclosed. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or for any other period.

Certain information and notes normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) regarding interim results. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the SEC in our Annual Report on Form 10-K on February 28, 2019 (2018 Annual Report). There have been no significant changes in financial statement preparation or significant accounting policies since December 31, 2018 other than the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, Leases.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents that are contractually restricted from operating use are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

In thousands	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018			June 30, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 135,736	\$	120,221	\$	162,882
Restricted cash included in other current assets	51		51		51
Long-term restricted cash	2,066		2,056		2,109
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 137,853	\$	122,328	\$	165,042

Subsequent to the issuance of our June 30, 2018 consolidated financial statements, we determined \$150 million of proceeds from borrowings and payments on debt, originally transacted during the first quarter of 2018, had been improperly netted within the financing activities section of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the first three quarters of 2018. We corrected this presentation for the 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The accompanying Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 has been revised from amounts previously reported to separately present the \$150 million of proceeds from borrowings and the payments on debt. We assessed the significance of the misstatement and concluded that it was not material to any prior periods. There were no changes to net cash flows from operating, investing, or financing activities as a result of this change.

Leases

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. A lease exists when a contract conveys to the customer the right to control the use of identified property, plant, or equipment for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The definition of a lease embodies two conditions: (1) there is an identified asset in the contract that is land or a depreciable asset (i.e., property, plant, and equipment), and (2) the customer has the right to control the use of the identified asset.

Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, other current liabilities, and operating lease liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Finance leases are included in property, plant, and equipment, other current liabilities, and other long-term obligations on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The Operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives received and initial direct costs incurred. Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

We have lease agreements, which include lease and nonlease components. For each of our existing asset classes, we have elected the practical expedient to account for the lease and nonlease components as a single lease component when the nonlease components are fixed.

We have not elected to utilize the short-term lease exemption for any leased asset class. All leases with a lease term that is greater than one month will be subject to recognition and measurement on the balance sheet.

Lease expense for variable lease payments, where the timing or amount of the payment is not fixed, are recognized when the obligation is incurred. Variable lease payments generally arise in our net lease arrangements where executory and other lease-related costs are billed to Itron when incurred by the lessor.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) (ASU 2016-02), which required substantially all leases be recognized by lessees on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability, including leases previously accounted for as operating leases. The new standard also resulted in enhanced quantitative and qualitative disclosures, including significant judgments made by management, to provide greater insight into the extent of revenue and expense recognized and expected to be recognized from existing leases. The standard required modified retrospective adoption and was effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. We adopted ASC 842, as amended, on January 1, 2019, and it resulted in an increase to operating lease right-of-use assets, other current liabilities, and operating lease liabilities of \$74.6 million, \$14.5 million, and \$61.5 million, respectively, and a decrease in other current assets and other long-term obligations of \$1.5 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract. The amendments in this ASU align the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software (and hosting arrangements that include an internal-use software license). Accordingly, the amendments require an entity (customer) in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract to follow the guidance in Subtopic 350-40 to determine which implementation costs to capitalize as an asset related to the service contract and which costs to expense. The amendments also require us to expense the capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract over the term of the hosting arrangement, which includes reasonably certain renewals. We adopted ASU 2018-15 as of January 1, 2019, and it did not have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

In October 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-16, *Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) Overnight Index Swap (OIS) Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes*. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2019, and it did not materially impact our consolidated financial statements. This update establishes OIS rates based on SOFR as an approved benchmark interest rate in addition to existing rates such as the LIBOR swap rate.

Recent Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) (ASU 2016-13), which replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology based on expected credit losses. This estimate of expected credit losses uses a broader range of reasonable and supportable information. This change will result in earlier recognition of credit losses. ASU 2016-13, as amended, will be effective as of January 1, 2020 for us. We are currently evaluating the impact of this standard on our consolidated financial statements, as well as our accounting policies, processes, and systems.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement* (ASU 2018-13), which amends the disclosure requirements under ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*. ASU 2018-13 is effective for us beginning with our interim financial reports for the first quarter of 2020. We are currently evaluating the impact

this standard will have on our consolidated financial statement disclosures related to assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurement.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14, *Disclosure Framework-Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans* (ASU 2018-14), which amends the disclosure requirements under ASC 715-20, *Compensation-Retirement Benefits-Defined Benefit Plans*. ASU 2018-14 is effective for our financial reporting in 2020. We are currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on our financial statement disclosures for our defined benefit plans.

Note 2: Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (EPS):

		Three Months	Ended	I June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands, except per share data		2019		2018		2019	2018		
Net income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$	19,446	\$	2,657	\$	17,539	\$	(143,009)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic		39,389		39,243		39,523		39,095	
Dilutive effect of stock-based awards		297		546		352		_	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted	·	39,686		39,789		39,875		39,095	
Net income (loss) per common share - Basic	\$	0.49	\$	0.07	\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)	
Net income (loss) per common share - Diluted	\$	0.49	\$	0.07	\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)	

Stock-based Awards

For stock-based awards, the dilutive effect is calculated using the treasury stock method. Under this method, the dilutive effect is computed as if the awards were exercised at the beginning of the period (or at time of issuance, if later) and assumes the related proceeds were used to repurchase common stock at the average market price during the period. Related proceeds include the amount the employee must pay upon exercise and the future compensation cost associated with the stock award. Approximately 0.5 million and 0.6 million stock-based awards were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 because they were anti-dilutive. Approximately 0.7 million and 1.1 million stock-based awards were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 because they were anti-dilutive. These stock-based awards could be dilutive in future periods.

Note 3: Certain Balance Sheet Components

A summary of accounts receivable from contracts with customers is as follows:

Accounts receivable, net

In thousands	Ju	ne 30, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Trade receivables (net of allowance of \$4,360 and \$6,331)	\$	426,936	\$	416,503		
Unbilled receivables		39,430		20,658		
Total accounts receivable, net	\$	466,366	\$	437,161		

Allowance for doubtful accounts activity	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
In thousands		2019		2018		2019	2018				
Beginning balance	\$	4,046	\$	4,774	\$	6,331	\$	3,957			
Provision for doubtful accounts, net		365		334		(1,738)		1,254			
Accounts written-off		(80)		(247)		(272)		(505)			
Effect of change in exchange rates		29		(309)		39		(154)			
Ending balance	\$	4,360	\$	4,552	\$	4,360	\$	4,552			

Inventories

In thousands	Ju	ine 30, 2019	December 31, 2018			
Materials	\$	127,219	\$	133,398		
Work in process		10,888		9,744		
Finished goods		91,803		77,532		
Total inventories	\$	229,910	\$	220,674		

Property, plant, and equipment, net

In thousands	Jur	ne 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Machinery and equipment	\$	321,155	\$ 315,974		
Computers and software		108,110	104,290		
Buildings, furniture, and improvements		148,026	146,071		
Land		15,201	14,980		
Construction in progress, including purchased equipment		51,100	49,682		
Total cost		643,592	630,997		
Accumulated depreciation		(415,079)	(404,446)		
Property, plant, and equipment, net	\$	228,513	\$ 226,551		

Depreciation expense	 Three Month	l June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands	2019		2018		2019	2018	
Depreciation expense	\$ 12,594	\$	12,908	\$	24,978	\$	26,240

Note 4: Intangible Assets and Liabilities

The gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization (accretion) of our intangible assets and liabilities, other than goodwill, were as follows:

			June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018						
In thousands	Gross		Accumulated (Amortization) Accretion	Net	(Amortiz		Accumulated (Amortization) Gross Accretion		tion)		
Intangible Assets											
Core-developed technology	\$ 511,9	67 \$	(446,653)	\$ 65,314	\$	507,100	\$	(429,955)	\$	77,145	
Customer contracts and relationships	382,3	97	(233,664)	148,733		379,614		(212,538)		167,076	
Trademarks and trade names	79,1	23	(72,138)	6,985		78,746		(69,879)		8,867	
Other	12,0	22	(11,287)	735		12,600		(11,205)		1,395	
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	985,5	09	(763,742)	221,767		978,060		(723,577)		254,483	
In-process research and development			_	_		3,100		_		3,100	
Total intangible assets	\$ 985,5	09 \$	(763,742)	\$ 221,767	\$	981,160	\$	(723,577)	\$	257,583	
						_					
Intangible Liabilities											
Customer contracts and relationships	\$ (23,9	00) \$	9,333	\$ (14,567)	\$	(23,900)	\$	5,217	\$	(18,683)	

A summary of intangible assets and liabilities activity is as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
In thousands		2019		2018		
Beginning balance, intangible assets, gross	\$	981,160	\$	769,851		
Intangible assets acquired		_		241,539		
Effect of change in exchange rates		4,349		(18,883)		
Ending balance, intangible assets, gross	\$	985,509	\$	992,507		
	_					
Beginning balance, intangible liabilities, gross	\$	(23,900)	\$	_		
Intangible liabilities acquired		_		(23,900)		
Effect of change in exchange rates		_		_		
Ending balance, intangible liabilities, gross	\$	(23,900)	\$	(23,900)		

On January 5, 2018, we completed our acquisition of Silver Spring Networks, Inc. (SSNI) by purchasing 100% of the voting stock. Acquired intangible assets include in-process research and development (IPR&D), which is not amortized until such time as the associated development projects are completed. Of these projects, \$3.1 million were completed during the first half of 2019 and are included in core-developed technology. Acquired intangible liabilities reflect the present value of the projected cash outflows for an existing contract where remaining costs are expected to exceed projected revenues.

Estimated future annual amortization (accretion) is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Ar	nortization	A	Accretion	nated Annual ortization, net
In thousands					
2019 (amount remaining at June 30, 2019)	\$	36,345	\$	(4,117)	\$ 32,228
2020		53,126		(8,028)	45,098
2021		37,772		(1,963)	35,809
2022		27,407		(459)	26,948
2023		19,825		_	19,825
Beyond 2023		47,292		_	47,292
Total intangible assets subject to amortization (accretion)	\$	221,767	\$	(14,567)	\$ 207,200

We have recognized \$16.1 million and \$18.0 million of net amortization of intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$32.1 million and \$35.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, within operating expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. These expenses relate to intangible assets and liabilities acquired as part of business combinations.

Note 5: Goodwill

The following table reflects goodwill allocated to each reporting unit:

In thousands	Devi	Device Solutions Networked Solutions		Outcomes		Total Company		
Goodwill balance at January 1, 2019	\$	55,259	\$	918,495	\$	142,779	\$	1,116,533
Measurement period adjustments to goodwill acquired		_		(4,938)		(1,040)		(5,978)
Effect of change in exchange rates		(24)		(407)		(63)		(494)
						_		
Goodwill balance at June 30, 2019	\$	55,235	\$	913,150	\$	141,676	\$	1,110,061

Silver Spring Networks, Inc. Acquisition

On January 5, 2018, we completed the acquisition of SSNI by purchasing 100% of SSNI's outstanding stock. The acquisition was financed through incremental borrowings and cash on hand. Refer to "Note 6: Debt" for further discussion of our debt. SSNI provided smart network and data platform solutions for electricity, gas, water and smart cities including advanced metering, distribution automation, demand-side management, and street lights.

The fair values for the identified trademarks and core-developed technology intangible assets were estimated using the relief from royalty method. The fair value of customer contract and relationship were estimated using the income approach. The IPR&D was valued utilizing the replacement cost method. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes included in our 2018 Annual Report.

The purchase price of SSNI was \$809.2 million, which is net of \$97.8 million of acquired cash and cash equivalents. Of the total consideration, \$802.5 million was paid in cash. The remaining \$6.7 million relates to the fair value of pre-acquisition service for replacement awards of unvested SSNI options and restricted stock unit awards with an Itron equivalent award. We allocated the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on estimated fair value assessments. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we recognized additional contract assets totaling \$8.0 million and additional deferred tax liabilities of \$2.0 million, for a net reduction in goodwill of \$6.0 million. As of the first quarter of 2019, the measurement period for the acquisition of SSNI was complete, and any further adjustments to assets acquired or liabilities assumed are recognized through the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Note 6: Debt

The components of our borrowings were as follows:

In thousands	Jui	ne 30, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Credit facility:				
USD denominated term loan	\$	615,625	\$	637,813
Multicurrency revolving line of credit		_		_
Senior notes		400,000		400,000
Total debt		1,015,625		1,037,813
Less: current portion of debt		26,563		28,438
Less: unamortized prepaid debt fees - term loan		4,170		4,859
Less: unamortized prepaid debt fees - senior notes		15,182		16,331
Long-term debt	\$	969,710	\$	988,185

Credit Facility

On January 5, 2018, we entered into a credit agreement providing for committed credit facilities in the amount of \$1.2 billion U.S. dollars (the 2018 credit facility), which amended and restated in its entirety our credit agreement dated June 23, 2015 and replaced committed facilities in the amount of \$725 million. The 2018 credit facility consists of a \$650 million U.S. dollar term loan (the term loan) and a multicurrency revolving line of credit (the revolver) with a principal amount of up to \$500 million. The revolver also contains a \$300 million standby letter of credit sub-facility and a \$50 million swingline sub-facility. Both the term loan and the revolver mature on January 5, 2023 and can be repaid without penalty. Amounts repaid on the term loan may not be reborrowed and amounts borrowed under the revolver may be repaid and reborrowed until the revolver's maturity, at which time all outstanding loans together with all accrued and unpaid interest must be repaid. Amounts not borrowed under the revolver are subject to a commitment fee, which is paid in arrears on the last day of each fiscal quarter, ranging from 0.18% to 0.35% per annum depending on our total leverage ratio as of the most recently ended fiscal quarter.

The 2018 credit facility permits us and certain of our foreign subsidiaries to borrow in U.S. dollars, euros, British pounds, or, with lender approval, other currencies readily convertible into U.S. dollars. All obligations under the 2018 credit facility are guaranteed by Itron, Inc. and material U.S. domestic subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of substantially all of the assets of Itron, Inc. and material U.S. domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of their related assets. This includes a pledge of 100% of the capital stock of material U.S. domestic subsidiaries and up to 66% of the voting stock (100% of the nonvoting stock) of first-tier foreign subsidiaries. In addition, the obligations of any foreign subsidiary who is a foreign borrower, as defined by the 2018 credit facility, are guaranteed by the foreign subsidiary and by its direct and indirect foreign parents. The 2018 credit facility includes debt covenants, which contain certain financial thresholds and place certain restrictions on the incurrence of debt, investments, and the issuance of dividends. We were in compliance with the debt covenants under the 2018 credit facility at June 30, 2019.

Under the 2018 credit facility, we elect applicable market interest rates for both the term loan and any outstanding revolving loans. We also pay an applicable margin, which is based on our total leverage ratio as defined in the credit agreement. The applicable rates per annum may be based on either: (1) the LIBOR rate or EURIBOR rate (subject to a floor of 0%), plus an applicable margin, or (2) the Alternate Base Rate, plus an applicable margin. The Alternate Base Rate election is equal to the greatest of three rates: (i) the prime rate, (ii) the Federal Reserve effective rate plus 0.50%, or (iii) one-month LIBOR plus 1.00%. At June 30, 2019, the interest rate for both the term loan and revolver was 4.16%, which includes the LIBOR rate plus a margin of 1.75%.

Senior Notes

On December 22, 2017 and January 19, 2018, we issued \$300 million and \$100 million, respectively, of aggregate principal amount of 5.00% senior notes maturing January 15, 2026 (Notes). The proceeds were used to refinance existing indebtedness related to the acquisition of SSNI, pay related fees and expenses, and for general corporate purposes. Interest on the Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15, commencing on July 15, 2018. The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior unsecured basis by each of our subsidiaries that guarantee the 2018 credit facility.

Prior to maturity we may redeem some or all of the Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, plus a "make-whole" premium. On or after January 15, 2021, we may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time at declining redemption prices equal to 102.50% beginning on January 15, 2021, 101.25% beginning on January 15, 2022 and 100.00% beginning on January 15, 2023 and thereafter to the applicable redemption date. In addition, before January 15, 2021, and subject to certain conditions, we may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings at 105.00% of the principal amount thereof to the date of redemption; provided that (i) at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes remains outstanding after such redemption and (ii) the redemption occurs within 60 days of the closing of any such equity offering.

Debt Maturities

The amount of required minimum principal payments on our long-term debt in aggregate over the next five years, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Minin	num Payments
In thousands		
2019 (amount remaining at June 30, 2019)	\$	6,250
2020		44,688
2021		60,937
2022		65,000
2023		438,750
Beyond 2023		_
Total minimum payments on debt	\$	615,625

Note 7: Derivative Financial Instruments

As part of our risk management strategy, we use derivative instruments to hedge certain foreign currency and interest rate exposures. Refer to "Note 13: Shareholder's Equity" and "Note 14: Fair Values of Financial Instruments" for additional disclosures on our derivative instruments.

The fair values of our derivative instruments are determined using the income approach and significant other observable inputs (also known as "Level 2"). We have used observable market inputs based on the type of derivative and the nature of the underlying instrument. The key inputs include interest rate yield curves (swap rates and futures) and foreign exchange spot and forward rates, all of which are available in an active market. We have utilized the mid-market pricing convention for these inputs. We include, as a discount to the derivative asset, the effect of our counterparty credit risk based on current published credit default swap rates when the net fair value of our derivative instruments is in a net asset position. We consider our own nonperformance risk when the net fair value of our derivative instruments is in a net liability position by discounting our derivative liabilities to reflect the potential credit risk to our counterparty through applying a current market indicative credit spread to all cash flows.

The fair values of our derivative instruments were as follows:

			Fair Value							
Derivative Assets	June	e 30, 2019	December 31, 2018							
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under	Subtopic 815-20	-	In thousa	unds						
Interest rate swap contract	Other current assets	\$	692 \$	1,866						
Interest rate cap contracts	Other current assets		130	535						
Foreign exchange options	Other current assets		671	_						
Cross currency swap contract	Other current assets		1,287	1,631						
Interest rate swap contract	Other long-term assets		746							
Interest rate cap contracts	Other long-term assets		251							
Cross currency swap contract	Other long-term assets	1,931								
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments un	der Subtopic 815-20									
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current assets		15	157						
Total asset derivatives		\$	4,726 \$	6,525						
Derivative Liabilities										
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments un	nder Subtopic 815-20									
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current liabilities	\$	70 \$	337						

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI), net of tax, for our derivative and nonderivative hedging instruments designated as hedging instruments, net of tax, were as follows:

In thousands	2019	2018
Net unrealized loss on hedging instruments at January 1,	\$ (13,179)	\$ (13,414)
Unrealized gain (loss) on hedging instruments	998	4,078
Realized (gains) losses reclassified into net income (loss)	(2,497)	(2,423)
Net unrealized loss on hedging instruments at June 30,	\$ (14,678)	\$ (11,759)

Reclassification of amounts related to hedging instruments are included in interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Included in the net unrealized gain (loss) on hedging instruments at

June 30, 2019 and 2018 is a loss of \$14.4 million, net of tax, related to our nonderivative net investment hedge, which terminated in 2011. This loss on our net investment hedge will remain in AOCI until earnings are impacted by a sale or liquidation of the associated foreign operation.

A summary of the effect of netting arrangements on our financial position related to the offsetting of our recognized derivative assets and liabilities under master netting arrangements or similar agreements is as follows:

Offsetting of Derivative Assets	 ss Amounts of ed Assets Presented in	Gr	ross Amounts Not Offset in t			
In thousands	 Consolidated alance Sheets		Derivative Financial Instruments	Cash C	ollateral Received	Net Amount
June 30, 2019	\$ 4,726	\$	(69)	\$	_	\$ 4,657
December 31, 2018	\$ 6,525	\$	(103)	\$	_	\$ 6,422

Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities	Gross An	ounts of Recognized	Gr	oss Amounts Not Offset in					
In thousands	Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Derivative Financial Instruments		Cash Collateral Pledged	Net Amount			
June 30, 2019	\$	70	\$	(69)	\$		\$		1
December 31, 2018	\$	337	\$	(103)	\$	_	\$		234

Our derivative assets and liabilities subject to netting arrangements consist of foreign exchange forwards and options and interest rate contracts with six counterparties at June 30, 2019 and five counterparties at December 31, 2018. No derivative asset or liability balance with any of our counterparties was individually significant at June 30, 2019 or December 31, 2018. Our derivative contracts with each of these counterparties exist under agreements that provide for the net settlement of all contracts through a single payment in a single currency in the event of default. We have no pledges of cash collateral against our obligations, and we have not received pledges of cash collateral from our counterparties under the associated derivative contracts.

Cash Flow Hedges

As a result of our floating rate debt, we are exposed to variability in our cash flows from changes in the applicable interest rate index. We enter into interest rate caps and swaps to reduce the variability of cash flows from increases in the LIBOR based borrowing rates on our floating rate credit facility. These instruments do not protect us from changes to the applicable margin under our credit facility. At June 30, 2019, our LIBOR-based debt balance was \$615.6 million.

In October 2015, we entered into an interest rate swap, which is effective from August 31, 2016 to June 23, 2020, and converts \$214 million of our LIBOR based debt from a floating LIBOR interest rate to a fixed interest rate of 1.42% (excluding the applicable margin on the debt). The notional balance will amortize to maturity at the same rate as required minimum payments on our term loan. Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (OCI) and are recognized in earnings when the hedged item affects earnings. The amounts paid or received on the hedge are recognized as an adjustment to interest expense along with the earnings effect of the hedged item. The amount of net gains expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months is \$0.7 million.

In November 2015, we entered into three interest rate cap contracts with a total notional amount of \$100 million at a cost of \$1.7 million. The interest rate cap contracts expire on June 23, 2020 and were entered into in order to limit our interest rate exposure on \$100 million of our variable LIBOR based debt up to 2.00%. In the event LIBOR is higher than 2.00%, we will pay interest at the capped rate of 2.00% with respect to the \$100 million notional amount of such agreements. As of December 31, 2016, due to the accelerated revolver payments from surplus cash, we elected to de-designate two of the interest rate cap contracts as cash flow hedges and discontinued the use of cash flow hedge accounting. The amounts recognized in AOCI from de-designated interest rate cap contracts were maintained in AOCI as the forecasted transactions were still probable to occur, and subsequent changes in fair value were recognized within interest expense. In April 2018, due to increases in our total LIBOR-based debt, we elected to re-designate the two interest rate cap contracts as cash flow hedges. Future changes in the fair value of these instruments will be recognized as a component of OCI, and these changes together with amounts previously maintained in AOCI will be recognized in earnings when the hedged item affects earnings. The amounts paid or received on the hedge are recognized as an adjustment to interest expense along with the earnings effect of the hedged item. The amount of net losses expected to be reclassified into earnings for all interest rate cap contracts in the next 12 months is \$0.6 million.

In April 2018, we entered into a cross-currency swap, which converts \$56.0 million of floating LIBOR-based U.S. Dollar denominated debt into 1.38% fixed rate euro denominated debt. This cross-currency swap matures on April 30, 2021 and mitigates the risk associated with fluctuations in currency rates impacting cash flows related to U.S. Dollar denominated debt in a euro functional currency entity. Changes in the fair value of the cross-currency swap are recognized as a component of OCI and will be recognized in earnings when the hedged item affects earnings. The amounts paid or received on the hedge are recognized as an adjustment to interest expense along with the earnings effect of the hedged item. The amount of net gains expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months is \$1.3 million.

As a result of our forecasted purchases in non-functional currency, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk. We hedge portions of our forecasted foreign currency inventory purchases. During January 2019, we entered into foreign exchange option contracts for a total notional amount of \$72 million at a cost of \$1.3 million. The contracts will mature ratably through the year with final maturity in October 2019. Changes in the fair value of the option contracts are recognized as a component of OCI and will be recognized in product cost of revenues when the hedged item affects earnings.

The before-tax effects of our accounting for derivative instruments designated as hedges on AOCI were as follows:

Derivatives in Subtopic 815-20 Cash Flow		Amount of Recognize		` /	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income				
Hedging Relationships			vative		Location		Am	mount	
In thousands	2019		2019 2018			2019		2018	
Three Months Ended June 30,				_			_		
Interest rate swap contracts	\$	(683)	\$	513	Interest expense	\$	453	\$	246
Interest rate cap contracts		134		181	Interest expense		305		(466)
Foreign exchange options		(89)		_	Product cost of revenues		162		_
Cross currency swap contract		(585)		2,376	Interest expense		416		207
Cross currency swap contract		_		_	Other income/(expense), net		(607)		2,368
Six Months Ended June 30,									
Interest rate swap contract	\$	(1,001)	\$	1,760	Interest expense	\$	919	\$	335
Interest rate cap contracts		290		369	Interest expense		597		(536)
Foreign exchange options		218		_	Product cost of revenues		162		_
Cross currency swap contract		1,423		2,376	Interest expense		910		207
Cross currency swap contract		_		_	Other income/(expense), net		285		2,368

These reclassification amounts presented above also represent the loss (gain) recognized in net income (loss) on hedging relationships under Subtopic 815-20 on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, there were no amounts reclassified from AOCI as a result that a forecasted transaction is no longer probable of occurring, and no amounts excluded from effectiveness testing recognized in earnings based on changes in fair value.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Relationships

We are also exposed to foreign exchange risk when we enter into non-functional currency transactions, both intercompany and third party. At each periodend, non-functional currency monetary assets and liabilities are revalued with the change recognized to other income and expense. We enter into monthly foreign exchange forward contracts, which are not designated for hedge accounting, with the intent to reduce earnings volatility associated with currency exposures. As of June 30, 2019, a total of 48 contracts were offsetting our exposures from the Euro, Pound Sterling, Indonesian Rupiah, Chinese Yuan, Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee and various other currencies, with notional amounts ranging from \$131,000 to \$9.4 million.

The effect of our derivative instruments not designated as hedges on the Consolidated Statements of Operations was as follows:

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instrument under Subtopic 815- 20	Location	Gain (I	Gain (Loss) Recognized on Derivatives in Other Income (Expense)					
In thousands			2019	2018				
Three Months Ended June 30,								
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other income (expense), net	\$	(121) \$	3,636				
Interest rate cap contracts	Interest expense		_	95				
Six Months Ended June 30,								
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other income (expense), net	\$	(912) \$	2,113				
Interest rate cap contracts	Interest expense		_	377				

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

We sponsor both funded and unfunded defined benefit pension plans offering death and disability, retirement, and special termination benefits for our international employees, primarily in Germany, France, Italy, Indonesia, and India. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by using the projected unit credit method. The measurement date for the pension plans was December 31, 2018.

Amounts recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheets consist of:

In thousands	Jui	ne 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Assets				_	
Plan assets in other long-term assets	\$	605	\$	572	
Liabilities					
Current portion of pension benefit obligation in wages and benefits payable		3,198		2,730	
Long-term portion of pension benefit obligation		92,073		91,522	
Pension benefit obligation, net	\$	94,666	\$	93,680	

Our asset investment strategy focuses on maintaining a portfolio using primarily insurance funds, which are accounted for as investments and measured at fair value, in order to achieve our long-term investment objectives on a risk adjusted basis. Our general funding policy for these qualified pension plans is to contribute amounts sufficient to satisfy regulatory funding standards of the respective countries for each plan.

Net periodic pension benefit costs for our plans include the following components:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
In thousands		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Service cost	\$	892	\$	968	\$	1,971	\$	2,017	
Interest cost		573		591		1,155		1,200	
Expected return on plan assets		(153)		(169)		(309)		(350)	
Amortization of actuarial net loss		342		392		687		795	
Amortization of unrecognized prior service costs		16		17		33		34	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	1,670	\$	1,799	\$	3,537	\$	3,696	

The components of net periodic benefit cost, other than the service cost component, are included in total other income (expense) on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Note 9: Stock-Based Compensation

We maintain the Second Amended and Restated 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (Stock Incentive Plan), which allows us to grant stock-based compensation awards, including stock options, restricted stock units, phantom stock, and unrestricted stock units. Under the Stock Incentive Plan, we have 12,623,538 shares of common stock reserved and authorized for issuance subject to stock splits, dividends, and other similar events. At June 30, 2019, 6,340,860 shares were available for grant under the Stock Incentive Plan. We issue new shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options or when vesting conditions on restricted stock units are fully satisfied. These shares are subject to a fungible share provision such that the authorized share reserve is reduced by (i) one share for every one share subject to a stock option or share appreciation right granted under the Plan and (ii) 1.7 shares for every one share of common stock that was subject to an award other than an option or share appreciation right.

As part of the acquisition of SSNI, we reserved and authorized 2,880,039 shares, collectively, of Itron common stock to be issued under the Stock Incentive Plan for certain SSNI common stock awards that were converted to Itron common stock awards on January 5, 2018 (Acquisition Date) pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger or were available for issuance pursuant to future awards under the Silver Spring Networks, Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (SSNI Plan). New stock-based compensation awards originally from the SSNI Plan may only be made to individuals who were not employees of Itron as of the Acquisition Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there is no fungible share provision for shares originally from the SSNI Plan.

We also periodically award phantom stock units, which are settled in cash upon vesting and accounted for as liability-based awards with no impact to the shares available for grant.

In addition, we maintain the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP), for which 255,845 shares of common stock were available for future issuance at June 30, 2019.

Unrestricted stock and ESPP activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was not significant.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense

Total stock-based compensation expense and the related tax benefit were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Stock options	\$	443	\$	952	\$	1,024	\$	1,783	
Restricted stock units		5,977		7,365		12,444		14,422	
Unrestricted stock awards		158		207		315		414	
Phantom stock units		525		587		1,443		1,277	
Total stock-based compensation	\$	7,103	\$	9,111	\$	15,226	\$	17,896	
						-			
Related tax benefit	\$	1,275	\$	1,594	\$	2,718	\$	3,128	

Stock Options

A summary of our stock option activity is as follows:

	Shares	 Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
	(in thousands)		(years)		(in thousands)	
Outstanding, January 1, 2018	956	\$ 47.10	6.3	\$	21,965	
Converted upon acquisition	42	51.86				\$ 14.86
Granted	101	69.30				\$ 24.83
Exercised	(87)	40.08			2,779	
Forfeited	(3)	68.43				
Expired	(66)	95.33				
Outstanding, June 30, 2018	943	\$ 46.92	6.7	\$	14,066	
Outstanding, January 1, 2019	895	\$ 47.93	6.2	\$	4,806	
Exercised	(59)	40.57			1,057	
Forfeited	(8)	67.38				
Expired	(9)	66.36				
Outstanding, June 30, 2019	819	\$ 48.06	5.8	\$	12,958	
Exercisable, June 30, 2019	691	\$ 44.67	5.3	\$	12,841	
Expected to vest, June 30, 2019	128	\$ 66.35	8.4	\$	117	

At June 30, 2019, total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to nonvested stock options was \$1.4 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.5 years.

The weighted-average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock options granted and the resulting weighted average fair value are as follows:

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Expected volatility	<u> </u>	<u>—%</u>	_%	30.9%
Risk-free interest rate	<u> </u>	—%	%	2.8%
Expected term (years)	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.1

There were no employee stock options granted for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, and for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes restricted stock unit activity:

In thousands	Number of Restricted Stock Units		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		
Outstanding, January 1, 2018	556					
Converted upon acquisition	579					
Granted	150	\$	67.61			
Released (1)	(445)			\$ 23,609		
Forfeited	(79)					
Outstanding, June 30, 2018	761	_				
		=				
Outstanding, January 1, 2019	817	\$	59.70			
Granted	118		56.40			
Released (1)	(363)		61.42	\$ 22,304		
Forfeited	(36)		66.61			
Outstanding, June 30, 2019	536		63.92			
		=				
Vested but not released, June 30, 2019	8			\$ 516		
Expected to vest, June 30, 2019	524	=		\$ 32,796		

⁽¹⁾ Shares released is presented gross of shares netted for employee payroll tax obligations.

At June 30, 2019, total unrecognized compensation expense on restricted stock units was \$29.8 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years.

The weighted-average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of performance-based restricted stock units granted and the resulting weighted average fair value are as follows:

	Three Months Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2019	2018	2019	2018		
Expected volatility	 %	_%	31.3%	28.0%		
Risk-free interest rate	%	%	2.5%	2.2%		
Expected term (years)	N/A	N/A	1.6	2.1		
Weighted average fair value	\$ _ \$	_ \$	60.91	\$ 78.56		

There were no performance-based restricted stock units granted for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Phantom Stock Units

The following table summarizes phantom stock unit activity:

In thousands	Number of Phantom Stock Units		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2018	63		
Converted upon acquisition	21		
Granted	32	\$	69.22
Released	(32)		
Forfeited	(3)		
Outstanding, June 30, 2018	81	•	
Expected to vest, June 30, 2018	81		
Outstanding, January 1, 2019	83	\$	61.80
Granted	13		50.33
Released	(37)		56.37
Forfeited	(4)		65.18
Outstanding, June 30, 2019	55	'	62.40
Expected to vest, June 30, 2019	55		

At June 30, 2019, total unrecognized compensation expense on phantom stock units was \$2.8 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years. As of both June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we have recognized a phantom stock liability of \$0.7 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, within wages and benefits payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 10: Income Taxes

We determine the interim tax benefit (provision) by applying an estimate of the annual effective tax rate to the year-to-date pretax book income (loss) and adjusting for discrete items during the reporting period, if any. Tax jurisdictions with losses for which tax benefits cannot be realized are excluded.

Our tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 of 30% and 42%, respectively, differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to losses in jurisdictions for which no benefit is recognized because of valuation allowances on deferred tax assets as well as the forecasted mix of earnings in domestic and international jurisdictions.

Our tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 of 50% and 5%, respectively, differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to losses in jurisdictions for which no benefit is recognized because of valuation allowances on deferred tax assets as well as the forecasted mix of earnings in domestic and international jurisdictions, a benefit related to excess stock-based compensation, and uncertain tax positions.

We classify interest expense and penalties related to unrecognized tax liabilities and interest income on tax overpayments as components of income tax expense. The net interest and penalties expense recognized were as follows:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands	 2019		2018		2019		2018		
Net interest and penalties expense	\$ (42)	\$	315	\$	259	\$	739		

Accrued interest and penalties recognized were as follows:

In thousands	Jun	ie 30, 2019	 December 31, 2018
Accrued interest	\$	2,383	\$ 2,127
Accrued penalties		1,774	1,758

Unrecognized tax benefits related to uncertain tax positions and the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate were as follows:

In thousands	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Unrecognized tax benefits related to uncertain tax positions	\$ 115,282	\$ 112,558
The amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate	113,952	111,224

At June 30, 2019, we are under examination by certain tax authorities for the 2010 to 2017 tax years. The material jurisdictions where we are subject to examination for the 2010 to 2017 tax years include, among others, the United States, France, Germany, Italy, Brazil and the United Kingdom. No material changes have occurred to previously disclosed assessments. We believe we have appropriately accrued for the expected outcome of all tax matters and do not currently anticipate that the ultimate resolution of these examinations will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, future results of operations, or liquidity.

Based upon the timing and outcome of examinations, litigation, the impact of legislative, regulatory, and judicial developments, and the impact of these items on the statute of limitations, it is reasonably possible that the related unrecognized tax benefits could change from those recognized within the next twelve months. However, at this time, an estimate of the range of reasonably possible adjustments to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits cannot be made.

Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

Guarantees and Indemnifications

We are often required to obtain standby letters of credit (LOCs) or bonds in support of our obligations for customer contracts. These standby LOCs or bonds typically provide a guarantee to the customer for future performance, which usually covers the installation phase of a contract and may, on occasion, cover the operations and maintenance phase of outsourcing contracts.

Our available lines of credit, outstanding standby LOCs, and performance bonds were as follows:

In thousands	J	June 30, 2019	 December 31, 2018
Credit facilities			
Multicurrency revolving line of credit	\$	500,000	\$ 500,000
Long-term borrowings		_	_
Standby LOCs issued and outstanding		(42,285)	(40,983)
Net available for additional borrowings under the multi-currency revolving line of credit	\$	457,715	\$ 459,017
Net available for additional standby LOCs under sub-facility	\$	257,715	\$ 259,017
Unsecured multicurrency revolving lines of credit with various financial institutions			
Multicurrency revolving lines of credit	\$	109,595	\$ 108,039
Standby LOCs issued and outstanding		(23,343)	(19,386)
Short-term borrowings		(1,242)	(2,232)
Net available for additional borrowings and LOCs	\$	85,010	\$ 86,421
Unsecured surety bonds in force	\$	102,146	\$ 94,365

In the event any such standby LOC or bond is called, we would be obligated to reimburse the issuer of the standby LOC or bond; however, we do not believe that any outstanding LOC or bond will be called.

We generally provide an indemnification related to the infringement of any patent, copyright, trademark, or other intellectual property right on software or equipment within our sales contracts, which indemnifies the customer from and pays the resulting costs, damages, and attorney's fees awarded against a customer with respect to such a claim provided that (a) the customer promptly notifies us in writing of the claim and (b) we have the sole control of the defense and all related settlement negotiations. We may also provide an indemnification to our customers for third-party claims resulting from damages caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of our employees/agents in connection with the performance of certain contracts. The terms of our indemnifications

generally do not limit the maximum potential payments. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these or similar agreements.

Legal Matters

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims of which the outcomes are subject to significant uncertainty. Our policy is to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes related to legal matters, as well as ranges of probable losses. A determination of the amount of the liability required, if any, for these contingencies is made after an analysis of each known issue. A liability is recognized and charged to operating expense when we determine that a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Additionally, we would disclose contingencies for which a material loss is reasonably possible, but not probable.

Warranty

A summary of the warranty accrual account activity is as follows:

		Three Months	End	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands		2019		2018		2019	2018		
Beginning balance	\$	57,532	\$	41,979	\$	60,443	\$	34,862	
Assumed liabilities from acquisition		_		_		_		5,742	
New product warranties		538		1,464		2,257		2,282	
Other adjustments and expirations		6,070		4,437		7,931		8,481	
Claims activity		(7,434)		(2,708)		(13,517)		(6,816)	
Effect of change in exchange rates		406		(1,453)		(2)		(832)	
Ending balance		57,112		43,719		57,112		43,719	
Less: current portion of warranty		38,987		29,443		38,987		29,443	
Long-term warranty	\$	18,125	\$	14,276	\$	18,125	\$	14,276	

Total warranty expense is classified within cost of revenues and consists of new product warranties issued, costs related to insurance and supplier recoveries, other changes and adjustments to warranties, and customer claims. Warranty expense was as follows:

	 Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
In thousands	2019	2018	2019		2018	
Total warranty expense	\$ 6,187	\$ 5,901	\$ 7,966	\$	10,763	

Health Benefits

We are self-insured for a substantial portion of the cost of our U.S. employee group health insurance. We purchase insurance from a third party, which provides individual and aggregate stop loss protection for these costs. Each reporting period, we expense the costs of our health insurance plan including paid claims, the change in the estimate of incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims, taxes, and administrative fees (collectively, the plan costs).

Plan costs were as follows:

		Three Month	s End	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
In thousands	_	2019		2018	2019			2018		
Plan costs	\$	7,923	\$	7,673	\$	14,801	\$	16,354		

The IBNR accrual, which is included in wages and benefits payable, was as follows:

In thousands	June 30, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018
IBNR accrual	\$ 3,213	\$	3,643

Our IBNR accrual and expenses may fluctuate due to the number of plan participants, claims activity, and deductible limits. For our employees located outside of the United States, health benefits are provided primarily through governmental social plans, which are funded through employee and employer tax withholdings.

Note 12: Restructuring

2018 Projects

On February 22, 2018, our Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan (the 2018 Projects) to continue our efforts to optimize our global supply chain and manufacturing operations, research and development, and sales and marketing organizations. We expect to substantially complete the plan by the end of 2020. Many of the affected employees are represented by unions or works councils, which require consultation, and potential restructuring projects may be subject to regulatory approval, both of which could impact the timing of charges, total expected charges, cost recognized, and planned savings in certain jurisdictions.

The total expected restructuring costs, the restructuring costs recognized, and the remaining expected restructuring costs related to the 2018 Projects are as follows:

In thousands	spected Costs at ne 30, 2019	Costs R	ecognized in Prior Periods	Costs Recognized During the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019			ected Remaining Costs to be Recognized at June 30, 2019
Employee severance costs	\$ 72,735	\$	73,778	\$	(1,043)	\$	_
Asset impairments & net loss on sale or disposal	231		117		114		_
Other restructuring costs	24,904		4,228		5,386		15,290
Total	\$ 97,870	\$	78,123	\$	4,457	\$	15,290

2016 Projects

On September 1, 2016, we announced projects (2016 Projects) to restructure various company activities in order to improve operational efficiencies, reduce expenses and improve competitiveness. We closed or consolidated several facilities and reduced our global workforce as a result of the restructuring. The 2016 Projects were initiated during the third quarter of 2016 and were substantially completed at December 31, 2018.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, we completed the sale of our property in Stretford, United Kingdom. A gain on sale of \$5.4 million was included in restructuring expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The total expected restructuring costs, the restructuring costs recognized, and the remaining expected restructuring costs related to the 2016 Projects are as follows:

In thousands	ected Costs at e 30, 2019	Costs	Recognized in Prior Periods			Exp	be Recognized at June 30, 2019
Employee severance costs	\$ 36,283	\$	35,845	\$	438	\$	_
Asset impairments & net loss (gain) on sale or disposal	255		5,664		(5,409)		_
Other restructuring costs	14,070		11,763		1,607		700
Total	\$ 50,608	\$	53,272	\$	(3,364)	\$	700

The following table summarizes the activity within the restructuring related balance sheet accounts for the 2018 and 2016 Projects during the six months ended June 30, 2019:

In thousands	rued Employee Severance	Impairments & Net on Sale or Disposal	Other	Accrued Costs	Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 72,152	\$ _	\$	3,416	\$ 75,568
Costs charged to expense	(605)	(5,295)		6,993	1,093
Cash (payments) receipts	(8,167)	(12)		(2,650)	(10,829)
Net assets disposed and impaired	_	_		_	_
Effect of change in exchange rates	(130)	_		11	(119)
Ending balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 63,250	\$ (5,307)	\$	7,770	\$ 65,713

Asset impairments are determined at the asset group level. Revenues and net operating income from the activities we have exited or will exit under the restructuring projects are not material to our operating segments or consolidated results.

Other restructuring costs include expenses for employee relocation, professional fees associated with employee severance, and costs to exit the facilities once the operations in those facilities have ceased. Costs associated with restructuring activities are generally presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as restructuring, except for certain costs associated with inventory write-downs, which are classified within cost of revenues, and accelerated depreciation expense, which is recognized according to the use of the asset.

The current portion of restructuring liabilities was \$24.4 million and \$36.0 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The current portion of restructuring liabilities is classified within other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The long-term portion of restructuring liabilities balances was \$41.3 million and \$39.6 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The long-term portion of restructuring liabilities is classified within other long-term obligations on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and include severance accruals and facility exit costs.

Note 13: Shareholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

We have authorized the issuance of 10 million shares of preferred stock with no par value. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the affairs of the corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of any outstanding preferred stock will be entitled to be paid a preferential amount per share to be determined by the Board of Directors prior to any payment to holders of common stock. There was no preferred stock issued or outstanding at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Stock Repurchase Authorization

On March 14, 2019, Itron's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock over a 12-month period (the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program). Following the announcement of the program and through June 30, 2019, we repurchased 529,396 shares at an average share price of \$47.22 (including commissions) for a total of \$25 million. The remaining amount authorized for repurchase under the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program is \$25 million. In accordance with the terms of our 5% senior notes indenture maturing January 15, 2026, we are limited to a total of \$25 million in stock repurchases in 2019. As we have already met that threshold, we will not repurchase any more shares for the remainder of 2019.

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The before-tax amount, income tax (provision) benefit, and net-of-tax amount related to each component of OCI were as follows:

		Three Months	Endec	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
In thousands		2019		2018	2019			2018		
Before-tax amount										
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	5,352	\$	(34,271)	\$	3,098	\$	(17,978)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges		651		3,068		822		4,504		
Net hedging (gain) loss reclassified into net income		(2,610)		(2,354)		(2,874)		(2,373)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on defined benefit plans		378		_		720		_		
Net defined benefit plan loss reclassified to net income		(189)		409		(10)		829		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	\$	3,582	\$	(33,148)	\$	1,756	\$	(15,018)		
Tax (provision) benefit										
	S	(165)	\$	111	\$	(297)	\$	118		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges		136	•	(173)	•	176	•	(426)		
Net hedging (gain) loss reclassified into net income		189		(55)		377		(50)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on defined benefit plans		(42)		_		(57)		_		
Net defined benefit plan loss reclassified to net income		36		(8)		1		(14)		
Total other comprehensive income (loss) tax benefit	\$	154	\$	(125)	\$	200	\$	(372)		
N. a.										
Net-of-tax amount	•		•	(2.4.4.60)	•			(4 = 0.50)		
	\$	5,187	\$	(34,160)	\$	2,801	\$	(17,860)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges		787		2,895		998		4,078		
Net hedging (gain) loss reclassified into net income		(2,421)		(2,409)		(2,497)		(2,423)		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on defined benefit plans		336		_		663		_		
Net defined benefit plan loss reclassified to net income		(153)		401		(9)		815		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	\$	3,736	\$	(33,273)	\$	1,956	\$	(15,390)		

The changes in the components of AOCI, net of tax, were as follows:

In thousands	Tr	gn Currency anslation justments	et Unrealized Gain oss) on Derivative Instruments	ivative Nonderivative nts Instruments		Pension Benefit Obligation Adjustments		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	
Balances at January 1, 2018	\$	(128,648)	\$ 966	\$	(14,380)	\$	(28,416)	\$	(170,478)
OCI before reclassifications		(17,860)	4,078		_		_		(13,782)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_	(2,423)		_		815		(1,608)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(17,860)	1,655		_		815		(15,390)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	(146,508)	\$ 2,621	\$	(14,380)	\$	(27,601)	\$	(185,868)
Balances at January 1, 2019	\$	(157,489)	\$ 1,201	\$	(14,380)	\$	(25,637)	\$	(196,305)
OCI before reclassifications		2,801	998		_		663		4,462
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_	(2,497)		_		(9)		(2,506)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		2,801	(1,499)		_		654		1,956
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	(154,688)	\$ (298)	\$	(14,380)	\$	(24,983)	\$	(194,349)

Note 14: Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following table presents the fair values of our financial instruments:

		June	30, 201	December 31, 2018					
In thousands	Carrying Amount			Fair Value		Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
Assets								_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	135,736	\$	135,736	\$	120,221	\$	120,221	
Restricted cash		2,117		2,117		2,107		2,107	
Foreign exchange options		671		671		_		_	
Foreign exchange forwards		15		15		157		157	
Interest rate swaps		692		692		2,612		2,612	
Interest rate caps		130		130		786		786	
Cross currency swaps		3,218		3,218		2,970		2,970	
Liabilities									
Credit facility									
USD denominated term loan	\$	615,625	\$	609,865	\$	637,813	\$	630,971	
Multicurrency revolving line of credit		_		_		_		_	
Senior notes		400,000		408,000		400,000		368,000	
Foreign exchange forwards		70		70		337		337	

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating fair values:

Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash: Due to the liquid nature of these instruments, the carrying amount approximates fair value (Level 1).

Credit Facility - term loan and multicurrency revolving line of credit: The term loan and revolver are not traded publicly. The fair values, which are determined based upon a hypothetical market participant, are calculated using a discounted cash flow model with Level 2 inputs, including estimates of incremental borrowing rates for debt with similar terms, maturities, and credit profiles. Refer to "Note 6: Debt" for a further discussion of our debt.

Derivatives: See "Note 7: Derivative Financial Instruments" for a description of our methods and assumptions in determining the fair value of our derivatives, which were determined using Level 2 inputs.

Senior Notes: The Notes are not registered securities nor listed on any securities exchange but may be actively traded by qualified institutional buyers. The fair value is estimated using Level 1 inputs, as it is based on quoted prices for these instruments in active markets.

The fair values at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 do not reflect subsequent changes in the economy, interest rates, tax rates, and other variables that may affect the determination of fair value.

Note 15: Segment Information

Effective October 1, 2018, we reorganized our operational reporting segmentation from Electricity, Gas, Water, and Networks to Device Solutions, Networked Solutions, and Outcomes. Prior period segment results have been recast to conform to the new segment structure. As part of our reorganization, we actively integrated our recent acquisitions and are making investment decisions and implementing an organizational structure that aligns with these new segments. In conjunction with the rollout of our new operating segments, we unified our go-to-market strategy with a single, global, sales force that sells the full portfolio of Itron solutions, products and services. We continue to manage our research and development, service delivery, supply chain, and manufacturing operations on a worldwide basis to promote global, integrated oversight of our operations and to ensure consistency and interoperability between our operating segments.

With this reorganization, we continue to operate under the Itron brand worldwide and will manage and report under the three operating segments: Device Solutions, Networked Solutions, and Outcomes.

We have three GAAP measures of segment performance: revenues, gross profit (gross margin), and operating income (operating margin). Intersegment revenues are minimal. Certain operating expenses are allocated to the operating segments based upon internally established allocation methodologies. Corporate operating expenses, interest income, interest expense, other income (expense), and income tax provision are neither allocated to the segments, nor are they included in the measure of segment profit or loss. In addition, we allocate only certain production assets and intangible assets to our operating segments. We do not manage the performance of the segments on a balance sheet basis.

Segment Products

Device Solutions Device Solutions - includes hardware products used for measurement, control, or sensing that do not have communications capability embedded for use with our broader Itron systems, i.e., products where Itron is not offering the complete "end-to-end" solution, but only the hardware elements. Examples of the Device Solutions portfolio include standard endpoints that are shipped without Itron communications, such as our standard gas meters, electricity IEC meters, and water meters, in addition to our heat and allocation products; communicating meters that are not a part of an Itron solution such as the Linky meter; and the implementation and installation of non-communicating devices, such as gas regulators.

Networked Solutions

Networked Solutions - includes a combination of communicating devices (smart meters, modules, endpoints, and sensors), network infrastructure, and associated application software designed and sold as a complete solution for acquiring and transporting robust application-specific data. Networked Solutions combines, into one operating segment, the majority of the assets from the recently acquired SSNI organization with our legacy Itron networking products and software and the implementation and installation of communicating devices into one segment. This includes: communicating measurement, control, or sensing endpoints such as our Itron® and OpenWay® Riva meters, Itron traditional ERT® technology, Intelis smart gas or water meters, 500G gas communication modules, 500W water communication modules; GenX networking products, network modules and interface cards; and specific network control and management software applications. Solutions supported by this segment include automated meter reading (AMR), advanced metering infrastructure (AMI), smart grid and distribution automation (DA), and smart street lighting and smart city solutions.

Outcomes

Outcomes - includes our value-added, enhanced software and services operating segment in which we manage, organize, analyze, and interpret data to improve decision making, maximize operational profitability, drive resource efficiency, and deliver results for consumers, utilities, and smart cities. Outcomes places an emphasis on delivering to Itron customers high-value, turn-key, digital experiences by leveraging the footprint of our Device Solutions and Networked Solutions segments. The revenues from these offerings are primarily recurring in nature and would include any direct management of Device Solutions, Networked Solutions, and other products on behalf of our end customers. Examples of these offerings include our meter data management and analytics offerings; our managed service solutions including network-as-a-service and platform-as-a-service, forecasting software and services; and any consulting-based engagement. Within the Outcomes segment, we also identify new business models, including performance-based contracting, to drive broader portfolio offerings across utilities and cities.

Revenues, gross profit, and operating income associated with our operating segments were as follows:

		Three Months	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands	2019			2018		2019	2018	
Product revenues								
Device Solutions	\$	214,589	\$	231,750	\$	433,158	\$	477,173
Networked Solutions		333,422		275,298		647,772		555,093
Outcomes		18,036		8,866		29,967		20,758
Total Company	\$	566,047	\$	515,914	\$	1,110,897	\$	1,053,024
Service revenues								
Device Solutions	\$	3,134	\$	4,396	\$	6,320	\$	8,340
Networked Solutions		22,494		20,868		44,571		43,411
Outcomes		43,362		44,712		87,825		88,336
Total Company	\$	68,990	\$	69,976	\$	138,716	\$	140,087
Total revenues								
Device Solutions	\$	217,723	\$	236,146	\$	439,478	\$	485,513
Networked Solutions		355,916		296,166		692,343		598,504
Outcomes		61,398		53,578		117,792		109,094
Total Company	\$	635,037	\$	585,890	\$	1,249,613	\$	1,193,111
Gross profit								
Device Solutions	\$	41,590	\$	48,743	\$	81,506	\$	102,347
Networked Solutions		126,243		112,290		253,311		226,531
Outcomes		23,381		15,544		43,660		27,554
Total Company	\$	191,214	\$	176,577	\$	378,477	\$	356,432
Operating income (loss)								
Device Solutions	\$	28,355	\$	34,510	\$	53,812	\$	72,702
Networked Solutions		98,035		81,941	,	193,357	,	161,884
Outcomes		14,367		4,249		24,777		3,594
Corporate unallocated		(97,199)		(100,137)		(207,565)		(358,065)
Total Company		43,558		20,563		64,381		(119,885)
Total other income (expense)		(15,022)		(13,009)		(29,873)		(29,019)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	28,536	\$	7,554	\$	34,508	\$	(148,904)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, one customer represented 11% of total company revenues. For the three months ended June 30, 2018, one customer represented 10% of total company revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

We currently buy a majority of our integrated circuit board assemblies from three suppliers. Management believes that other suppliers could provide similar products, but a change in suppliers, disputes with our suppliers, or unexpected constraints on the suppliers' production capacity could adversely affect operating results.

Revenues by region were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
In thousands	2019			2018		2019	2018			
United States and Canada	\$	417,909	\$	348,101	\$	815,475	\$	704,033		
Europe, Middle East, and Africa		167,314		184,748		338,556		386,822		
Other ⁽¹⁾		49,814		53,041		95,582		102,256		
Total revenues	\$	635,037	\$	585,890	\$	1,249,613	\$	1,193,111		

⁽¹⁾ Other includes our operations in Latin America and Asia Pacific.

Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets expense associated with our operating segments was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
In thousands		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Device Solutions	\$	6,346	\$	6,442	\$	12,782	\$	12,916	
Networked Solutions		3,205		3,071		6,453		6,315	
Outcomes		1,285		1,638		2,587		3,347	
Corporate unallocated		17,805		19,756		35,246		39,401	
Total Company	\$	28,641	\$	30,907	\$	57,068	\$	61,979	

Note 16: Revenues

A summary of significant net changes in the contract assets and the contract liabilities balances during the period is as follows:

	2019
In thousands	ct liabilities, less tract assets
Beginning balance, January 1	\$ 102,130
Revenues recognized from beginning contract liability	(41,873)
Increases due to amounts collected or due	184,808
Revenues recognized from current period increases	(129,074)
Other	 (9,053)
Ending balance, June 30	\$ 106,938

On January 1, 2019, total contract assets were \$34.3 million and total contract liabilities were \$136.5 million. On June 30, 2019, total contract assets were \$37.4 million and total contract liabilities were \$144.4 million. The contract assets primarily relate to contracts that include a retention clause and allocations related to contracts with multiple performance obligations. The contract liabilities primarily relate to deferred revenue, such as extended warranty and maintenance cost.

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

Total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations represents committed but undelivered products and services for contracts and purchase orders at period end. Twelve-month remaining performance obligations represent the portion of total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations that we estimate will be recognized as revenue over the next 12 months. Total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations is not a complete measure of our future revenues as we also receive orders where the customer may have legal termination rights but are not likely to terminate.

Total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations related to contracts is approximately \$1.3 billion for the next twelve months and approximately \$929 million for periods longer than 12 months. The total remaining performance obligations is comprised of product and service components. The service component relates primarily to maintenance agreements for which customers pay a full year's maintenance in advance, and service revenues are generally recognized over the service period. Total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations also includes our extended warranty contracts, for which revenue is recognized over the warranty period, and hardware, which is recognized as units are delivered. The estimate of when remaining performance obligations will be recognized requires significant judgment.

Cost to obtain a contract and cost to fulfill a contract with a customer

Cost to obtain a contract and costs to fulfill a contract are capitalized and amortized using a systematic rational approach to align with the transfer of control of underlying contracts with customers. While amounts were capitalized, they are not material.

$Disaggregation\ of\ revenue$

Refer to "Note 15: Segment Information" and the Consolidated Statement of Operations for disclosure regarding the disaggregation of revenue into categories, which depict how revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. Specifically, our operating segments, geographical regions, and categories for products, which include hardware and software and services, are presented.

Note 17: Leases

We lease certain factories, service and distribution locations, offices, and equipment under operating leases. Our operating leases have initial lease terms ranging from 1 to 9 years, some of which include options to extend or renew the leases for up to 10 years. Certain lease agreements contain provisions for future rent increases. Our leases do not contain material residual value guarantees and finance leases are not material.

We have not elected the short-term lease exemption. All leases with a lease term of greater than one month are included in the following tables.

The components of operating lease expense are as follows:

In thousands	Months Ended ne 30, 2019	Si	x Months Ended June 30, 2019
Operating lease cost	\$ 5,632	\$	11,555
Variable lease cost	305		747
Total operating lease cost	\$ 5,937	\$	12,302

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases are as follows:

In thousands	 ix Months Ended June 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$ 10,205
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	11,570

Supplemental balance sheet information related to operating leases are as follows:

In thousands	June 30, 2019
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	\$ 79,456
Other current liabilities	\$ 15,453
Operating lease liabilities	68,387
Total operating lease liability	\$ 83,840
Weighted-average remaining lease term - Operating leases	 6.2 years
Weighted-average discount rate - Operating leases	5.0%

Remaining maturities of operating lease liabilities as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

In thousands	June 30, 2019
2019 (amount remaining at June 30, 2019)	8,113
2020	17,727
2021	15,518
2022	12,765
2023	12,265
Thereafter	31,690
Total lease payments	98,078
Less: Imputed interest	(14,238)
Total operating lease liability	83,840

The future obligations under operating leases in effect as of December 31, 2018 as determined prior to adoption of ASC 842 are as follows:

In thousands	Decem	nber 31, 2018
Less than 1 year	\$	17,456
1-3 years		26,241
3-5 years		19,659
Beyond 5 years		26,703
Total operating lease liability	\$	90,059

Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes included in this report and with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in our Annual Report on Form 10-K on February 28, 2019 (2018 Annual Report).

Documents we provide to the SEC are available free of charge under the Investors section of our website at www.itron.com as soon as practicable after they are filed with or furnished to the SEC. In addition, these documents are available at the SEC's website (http://www.sec.gov), at the SEC's Headquarters at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

Certain Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains forward-looking statements concerning our operations, financial performance, revenues, earnings growth, liquidity, restructuring, and other items. This document reflects our current plans and expectations and is based on information currently available as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. When we use the words "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "project," "estimate," "future," "objective," "may," "will," "will continue," and similar expressions, they are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements rely on a number of assumptions and estimates. Although we believe that these assumptions and estimates are reasonable, any of these assumptions and estimates could prove to be inaccurate and the forward-looking statements based on them could be incorrect and cause our actual results to vary materially from expected results. For a more complete description of these and other risks, refer to Item 1A: "Risk Factors" included in our 2018 Annual Report and our other reports on file with the SEC. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement in this document.

Overview

We are a technology company, offering end-to-end solutions to enhance productivity and efficiency, primarily focused on utilities and municipalities around the globe. Our solutions generally include robust industrial grade networks, smart meters, meter data management software, and knowledge application solutions, which bring additional value to the customer. Our professional services help our customers project-manage, install, implement, operate, and maintain their systems.

We operate under the Itron brand worldwide and manage and report under three operating segments: Device Solutions, Networked Solutions, and Outcomes. The product and operating definitions of the three segments are as follows:

Device Solutions: primarily includes hardware products used for measurement, control, or sensing that do not have communications capability embedded for use with our broader Itron systems, i.e., products where Itron is not offering the complete "end-to-end" solution, but only the hardware elements. Examples of the Device Solutions portfolio include standard endpoints that are shipped without Itron communications, such as our standard gas meters, electricity IEC meters, and water meters, in addition to our heat and allocation products; communicating meters that are not a part of an Itron solution such as the Linky meter; and the implementation and installation of non-communicating devices, such as gas regulators.

Networked Solutions: primarily includes a combination of communicating devices (smart meters, modules, endpoints and sensors), network infrastructure, and associated application software designed and sold as a complete solution for acquiring and transporting robust application-specific data. Networked Solutions combines, into one operating segment, the majority of the assets from the recently acquired Silver Spring Networks organization with our legacy Itron networking products and software, and the implementation and installation of communicating devices into one segment. This includes: communicating measurement, control, or sensing endpoints such as our Itron® and OpenWay® Riva meters, Itron traditional ERT® technology, Intelis Smart gas or

water meters, 500G gas communication modules, 500W water communication modules; GenX networking products, network modules and interface cards, and specific network control and management software applications. The industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) solutions supported by this segment include automated meter reading (AMR), advanced metering infrastructure (AMI), smart grid and distribution automation (DA), and smart street lighting and smart city solutions.

Outcomes: represents our value-added, enhanced software and services operating segment in which we manage, organize, analyze, and interpret data to improve decision making, maximize operational profitability, drive resource efficiency, and deliver results for consumers, utilities and smart cities. Outcomes places an emphasis on delivering Itron customers high-value, turn-key, digital experiences by leveraging the footprint of our Device Solutions and Networked Solutions segments. The revenues from these offerings are primarily recurring in nature and would include any direct management of Device Solutions, Networked Solutions, and other products on behalf of our end customers. Examples of these offerings include our meter data management and analytics offerings, our managed service solutions including network-as-a-service and platform-as-a-service, forecasting software and services, and any consulting-based engagement. Within the Outcomes segment we also identify new business models, including performance-based contracting, to drive broader portfolio offerings across utilities and cities.

We have three measures of segment performance: revenues, gross profit (margin), and operating income (margin). Intersegment revenues are minimal. Certain operating expenses are allocated to the operating segments based upon internally established allocation methodologies. Interest income, interest expense, other income (expense), income tax provision, and certain corporate operating expenses are neither allocated to the segments nor included in the measures of segment performance.

Non-GAAP Measures

The following discussion includes financial information prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), as well as certain adjusted or non-GAAP financial measures such as constant currency, free cash flow, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP net income, adjusted EBITDA, and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share (EPS). We believe that non-GAAP financial measures, when reviewed in conjunction with GAAP financial measures, can provide more information to assist investors in evaluating current period performance and in assessing future performance. For these reasons, our internal management reporting also includes non-GAAP measures. We strongly encourage investors and shareholders to review our financial statements and publicly-filed reports in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure. Non-GAAP measures as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

In our discussions of the operating results below, we sometimes refer to the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, which are references to the differences between the foreign currency exchange rates we use to convert operating results from local currencies into U.S. dollars for reporting purposes. We also use the term "constant currency," which represents results adjusted to exclude foreign currency exchange rate impacts. We calculate the constant currency change as the difference between the current period results translated using the current period currency exchange rates and the comparable prior period's results restated using current period currency exchange rates. We believe the reconciliations of changes in constant currency provide useful supplementary information to investors in light of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

Refer to the *Non-GAAP Measures* section below on pages 46-48 for information about these non-GAAP measures and the detailed reconciliation of items that impacted free cash flow, non-GAAP operating expense, non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP net income, adjusted EBITDA, and non-GAAP diluted EPS in the presented periods.

Total Company Highlights and Unit Shipments

Highlights and significant developments for the three months ended months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the three months ended June 30, 2018

- Revenues were \$635.0 million compared with \$585.9 million in 2018, an increase of \$49.1 million, or 8%
- Gross margin was 30.1%, flat compared with 2018
- Operating expenses decreased \$8.4 million, or 5%, compared with 2018
- Net income attributable to Itron, Inc. was \$19.4 million compared with \$2.7 million in 2018
- GAAP diluted EPS increased by \$0.42 to \$0.49 compared with 2018
- Non-GAAP net income attributable to Itron, Inc. was \$34.6 million compared with \$20.5 million in 2018
- Non-GAAP diluted EPS was \$0.87, an increase of \$0.36 compared with 2018
- · Adjusted EBITDA increased \$16.1 million, or 28%, compared with 2018

Highlights and significant developments for the six months ended months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the six months ended June 30, 2018

- Revenues were \$1.25 billion compared with \$1.19 billion in 2018, an increase of \$56.5 million, or 5%
- Gross margin was 30.3% compared with 29.9% in 2018
- Operating expenses decreased \$162.2 million, or 34%, compared with 2018
- Net income attributable to Itron, Inc. was \$17.5 million, compared with a net loss of \$143.0 million in 2018
- GAAP diluted EPS increased by \$4.10 to \$0.44 as compared with 2018
- Non-GAAP net income attributable to Itron, Inc. was \$62.5 million compared with \$25.6 million in 2018
- Non-GAAP diluted EPS was \$1.57, an increase of \$0.93 compared with 2018
- · Adjusted EBITDA increased \$42.3 million, or 44%, compared with 2018

Stock Repurchase Authorization

On March 14, 2019, Itron's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock over a 12-month period (the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program). Following the announcement of the program and through June 30, 2019, we repurchased 529,396 shares at an average share price of \$47.22 (including commissions) for a total of \$25 million. The remaining amount authorized for repurchase under the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program is \$25 million. In accordance with the terms of our 5% senior notes indenture maturing January 15, 2026, we are limited to a total of \$25 million in stock repurchases in 2019. As we have already met that threshold, we will not repurchase any more shares for the remainder of 2019.

2018 Restructuring Projects

On February 22, 2018, our Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan (2018 Projects) to continue our efforts to optimize our global supply chain and manufacturing operations, research and development, and sales and marketing organizations. We expect to substantially complete expense recognition on the plan by the end of 2020. We recognized a reversal of restructuring expense of \$1.2 million compared with restructuring expense of \$4.5 million related to the 2018 Projects during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and we anticipate an additional \$15.3 million to be recognized in future periods. At the conclusion of the 2018 Projects, we anticipate annualized savings of \$45 million to \$50 million. For further discussion of restructuring activities, refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 12: Restructuring."

The following table summarizes the changes in GAAP and Non-GAAP financial measures:

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six	k Mon	ths Ended June 3	s Ended June 30,		
In thousands, except margin and per share data		2019		2018	% Change		2019		2018	% Change	
GAAP											
Revenues											
Product revenues	\$	566,047	\$	515,914	10%	\$	1,110,897	\$	1,053,024	5%	
Service revenues		68,990		69,976	(1)%		138,716		140,087	(1)%	
Total revenues		635,037		585,890	8%		1,249,613		1,193,111	5%	
Gross profit	\$	191,214	\$	176,577	8%	\$	378,477	\$	356,432	6%	
Operating expenses	•	147,656	•	156,014	(5)%	•	314,096	,	476,317	(34)%	
Operating income (loss)		43,558		20,563	112%		64,381		(119,885)	N/A	
Other income (expense)		(15,022)		(13,009)	15%		(29,873)		(29,019)	3%	
Income tax benefit (provision)		(8,419)		(3,781)	123%		(14,540)		7,407	N/A	
Net income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc.		19,446		2,657	632%		17,539		(143,009)	N/A	
Non-GAAP ⁽¹⁾											
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$	128,041	e.	122 400	(2)0/	¢.	250 500	\$	204.541	(0)0/	
Non-GAAP operating income	Ф	,	\$	132,490	(3)%	\$	258,598	Э	284,541	(9)%	
1 0		63,173		44,087	43%		119,879		71,891	67%	
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Itron, Inc.		34,600		20,456	69%		62,490		25,550	145%	
Adjusted EBITDA		72,966		56,882	28%		138,724		96,455	44%	
GAAP Margins and Earnings Per Share											
Gross margin											
Product gross margin		29.2%		29.0%			29.1%		28.8 %		
Service gross margin		38.0%		38.9%			39.4%		37.7 %		
Total gross margin		30.1%		30.1%			30.3%		29.9 %		
Operating margin		6.9%		3.5%			5.2%		(10.0)%		
Basic EPS	\$	0.49	\$	0.07		\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)		
Diluted EPS	\$	0.49	\$	0.07		\$	0.44	\$	(3.66)		
Non-GAAP Earnings Per Share ⁽¹⁾											
Non-GAAP diluted EPS	\$	0.87	\$	0.51		\$	1.57	\$	0.64		
Non-GAAF unuted EFS	Э	0.87	Э	0.51		Э	1.5/	2	0.04		

These measures exclude certain expenses that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating results. See pages 46-48 for information about these non-GAAP measures and reconciliations to the most comparable GAAP measures.

Endpoints Summary

Our revenue is driven significantly by sales of endpoints. We classify our endpoints into two categories:

- Standard Endpoints an Itron product delivered primarily via our Device Solutions segment. The majority of our standard endpoint devices are used for delivery and metrology in the electricity, water, and gas distribution industries, and have no built-in remote reading communication technology. However, some standard endpoint devices are shipped with non-Itron communications capabilities and are not a part of an Itron solution, such as the Smart Spec or Linky meter, and are classified as a standard endpoint.
- Networked Endpoints an Itron product with one-way communication or two-way communication of data including remote device configuration and upgrade (consisting primarily of our OpenWay® or Gen X technology). This primarily includes Itron devices used in electricity, water, and gas distribution industries delivered via our Networked Solutions segment. Networked endpoints also include smart communication modules and network interface cards (NICs). NICs are communicating modules that can be sold separately from the device directly to our customers or to third party manufacturers for use in endpoints such as electric, water, and gas meters; streetlights and smart city devices; sensors or another standard device that the end customer would like to connect to our OpenWay or Gen X Networked Solutions. These endpoints are primarily delivered via our Networked Solutions segment.

A summary of our endpoints shipped is as follows:

	Three Months End	ded June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
Units in thousands	2019	2018	2019	2018				
Itron Endpoints								
Standard endpoints (1)	5,570	5,860	11,040	11,640				
Networked endpoints (1)	4,260	3,570	8,240	7,470				
Total endpoints	9,830	9,430	19,280	19,110				

⁽¹⁾ As of the second quarter of 2019, we have refined the definition of a standard endpoint to more closely align to the segment performance of Device Solutions and Networked Solutions as reported in the Operating Segment Results section below. The quantities presented for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and for the three months ended March 31, 2019, as included in the six-month period for 2019, have been recast to align with the refined definitions of standard and networked endpoints. The total endpoints shipped for each period is unchanged.

Results of Operations

Revenues and Gross Margin

The actual results and effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in revenues and gross profit were as follows:

	 Three Months	Ended Ju	ıne 30,		of Changes in	Const	tant Currency		
In thousands	 2019		2018		hange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	7	Total Change
Total Company									
Revenues	\$ 635,037	\$	585,890	\$	(15,716)	\$	64,863	\$	49,147
Gross profit	191,214		176,577		(3,497)		18,134		14,637
	 Six Months I	Ended Ju	ne 30,		of Changes in	Const	tant Currency		
	2019		2018		hange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	1	Total Change
Total Company									
	 1,249,613	\$	1,193,111	\$	(37,677)	¢.	94,179	\$	56,502
Revenues	\$ 1,249,613	Ф	1,175,111	Ψ	(37,077)	Ψ	74,177	Ψ	30,302

⁽¹⁾ Constant currency change is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the total change between periods excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues

Revenues increased \$49.1 million, or 8%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. This growth for the three months ended June 30, 2019 was driven primarily by the Networked Solutions segment, which increased

\$59.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Outcomes segment increased revenue by \$7.8 million when compared with 2018, and the Device Solutions segment revenue decreased by \$18.4 million. Changes in exchange rates unfavorably impacted total revenues by \$15.7 million during the second quarter, of which \$12.1 million unfavorably impacted the Device Solutions segment total revenue. Product revenues during the second quarter of 2019 increased \$50.1 million, or 10%. Service revenues during the second quarter of 2019 decreased slightly by \$1.0 million, or 1%.

Revenues increased \$56.5 million, or 5%, for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. New deployments in the Networked Solutions segment increased revenue by \$93.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared with the same period in 2018. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Outcomes segment increased revenue by \$8.7 million when compared with the same period last year, and the Device Solutions segment revenue decreased by \$46.0 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, changes in exchange rates unfavorably impacted total revenues by \$37.7 million, of which \$29.1 million unfavorably impacted the Device Solutions segment total revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, new deployments increased product revenues by \$57.9 million as compared with the same period in 2018. Service revenues decreased slightly by \$1.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared with 2018.

Gross Margin

Gross margin was flat at 30.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. Our gross margin associated with product sales increased to 29.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 29.0% for the same period in 2018. Gross margin associated with our service revenues decreased to 38.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 38.9% for the same period in 2018.

Gross margin for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was 30.3%, compared with 29.9% for the same period in 2018. Our gross margin associated with product sales increased to 29.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 28.8% for the same period in 2018. Gross margin associated with our service revenues increased to 39.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 37.7% for the same period in 2018.

Operating Expenses

The actual results and effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in operating expenses were as follows:

	 Three Months	Ende	d June 30,	ect of Changes in reign Currency	Co	onstant Currency	
In thousands	2019		2018	xchange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Total Company				·			
Sales, general and administrative	\$ 88,259	\$	88,863	\$ (2,257)	\$	1,653	\$ (604)
Research and development	49,449		54,775	(473)		(4,853)	(5,326)
Amortization of intangible assets	16,117		17,999	(184)		(1,698)	(1,882)
Restructuring	(6,169)		(5,623)	64		(610)	(546)
Total Operating expenses	\$ 147,656	\$	156,014	\$ (2,850)	\$	(5,508)	\$ (8,358)

	Six Months E	nded	June 30,	ect of Changes in oreign Currency	Co	nstant Currency	
	 2019		2018	xchange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	 Total Change
Total Company							
Sales, general and administrative	\$ 180,974	\$	243,277	\$ (6,760)	\$	(55,543)	\$ (62,303)
Research and development	99,939		115,059	(1,169)		(13,951)	(15,120)
Amortization of intangible assets	32,090		35,739	(438)		(3,211)	(3,649)
Restructuring	1,093		82,242	(7,297)		(73,852)	(81,149)
Total Operating expenses	\$ 314,096	\$	476,317	\$ (15,664)	\$	(146,557)	\$ (162,221)

⁽¹⁾ Constant currency change is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the total change between periods excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates

Operating expenses decreased \$8.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019 as compared with the same period in 2018. This was primarily due to the decrease of \$5.3 million in research and development, and the decrease of \$1.9 million in amortization of intangible assets. These amounts are net of increases in variable compensation.

Operating expenses decreased \$162.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared with the same period in 2018. This was primarily due to the \$81.1 million decrease in restructuring expense, which was elevated during the six months ended June 30, 2018 following the announcement of the 2018 Project, and \$62.3 million decreased in sales, general and administrative expenses. Acquisition and integration costs, which are classified within sales, general and administrative expenses, decreased by \$53.0 million compared with the same period in 2018.

Other Income (Expense)

The following table shows the components of other income (expense):

	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,			Six Months E	Months Ended June 30,			
In thousands	2019		2018	% Change	e	2019		2018	% Change	
Interest income	\$ 534	\$	633	(16)%	\$	862	\$	1,294	(33)%	
Interest expense	(12,294)		(13,434)	(8)%		(24,629)		(25,547)	(4)%	
Amortization of prepaid debt fees	(1,202)		(1,211)	(1)%		(2,402)		(4,602)	(48)%	
Other income (expense), net	(2,060)		1,003	(305)%		(3,704)		(164)	2,159%	
Total other income (expense)	\$ (15,022)	\$	(13,009)	15%	\$	(29,873)	\$	(29,019)	3%	

Total other income (expense) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was a net expense of \$15.0 million and \$29.9 million, compared with \$13.0 million and \$29.0 million in the same periods in 2018. The change in other income (expense), net, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared with the same periods in 2018 was the result of a legal settlement gain of \$2.5 million recognized in the second quarter of 2018 and the effect of recognized foreign currency exchange gains and losses due to transactions denominated in a currency other than the reporting entity's functional currency.

Income Tax Provision

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, our income tax expense was \$8.4 million and \$14.5 million compared with income tax expense and benefit of \$3.8 million and \$(7.4) million for the same periods in 2018. Our tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 of 30% and 42% differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% due to the forecasted mix of earnings in domestic and international jurisdictions and losses experienced in jurisdictions with valuation allowances on deferred tax assets. Our tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 of 50% and 5% differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% due to the forecasted mix of earnings in domestic and international jurisdictions, a benefit related to excess stock based compensation, and losses experienced in jurisdictions with valuation allowances on deferred tax assets.

Operating Segment Results

For a description of our operating segments, refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited) Note 15: Segment Information."

	Three Months	Ende	d June 30,				Six Months l	Endeo	l June 30,			
n thousands	2019		2018	9,	% Change		 2019		2018	9	% Change	
egment Revenues												
Device Solutions	\$ 217,723	\$	236,146		(8)%		\$ 439,478	\$	485,513		(9)%	
Networked Solutions	355,916		296,166		20%		692,343		598,504		16%	
Outcomes	61,398		53,578		15%		117,792		109,094		8%	
Total revenues	\$ 635,037	\$	585,890	-	8%		\$ 1,249,613	\$	1,193,111		5%	
		Tì	ree Months E	anded .	June 30,				Six Months Er	ded .	June 30,	
	2	019			201	8	 2	019			201	18
n thousands	Gross Profit		Gross Margin		Gross Profit	Gross Margin	Gross Profit		Gross Margin		Gross Profit	Gross Margin
egment Gross Profit and Iargin												
Device Solutions	\$ 41,590		19.1%	\$	48,743	20.6%	\$ 81,506		18.5%	\$	102,347	21.1%
Networked Solutions	126,243		35.5%		112,290	37.9%	253,311		36.6%		226,531	37.8%
Outcomes	23,381		38.1%		15,544	29.0%	43,660		37.1%		27,554	25.3%
Total gross profit and margin	\$ 191,214		30.1%	\$	176,577	30.1%	\$ 378,477		30.3%	\$	356,432	29.9%

	1	Three Months	Ende	d June 30,			Six Months I	Ended	June 30,	
In thousands		2019		2018	% Change		2019		2018	% Change
Segment Operating Expens	ses			_						
Device Solutions	\$	13,235	\$	14,233	(7)%	\$	27,694	\$	29,645	(7)%
Networked Solutions		28,208		30,349	(7)%		59,954		64,647	(7)%
Outcomes		9,014		11,295	(20)%		18,883		23,960	(21)%
Corporate unallocated		97,199		100,137	(3)%		207,565		358,065	(42)%
Total operating expenses	\$	147,656	\$	156,014	(5)%	\$	314,096	\$	476,317	(34)%

		Three Months	Ended	June 30,			l June 30,			
	20)19		20	18	201	.9		20	18
In thousands	Operating come (Loss)	Operating Margin		Operating come (Loss)	Operating Margin	Operating come (Loss)	Operating Margin		Operating come (Loss)	Operating Margin
Segment Operating Income (Loss) and Operating Margin										
Device Solutions	\$ 28,355	13.0%	\$	34,510	14.6%	\$ 53,812	12.2%	\$	72,702	15.0%
Networked Solutions	98,035	27.5%		81,941	27.7%	193,357	27.9%		161,884	27.0%
Outcomes	14,367	23.4%		4,249	7.9%	24,777	21.0%		3,594	3.3%
Corporate unallocated	(97,199)	(15.3)%		(100,137)	(17.1)%	(207,565)	(16.6)%		(358,065)	(30.0)%
Total Company	\$ 43,558	6.9%	\$	20,563	3.5%	\$ 64,381	5.2%	\$	(119,885)	(10.0)%

Device Solutions:

The effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the constant currency changes in certain Device Solutions operating segment financial results were as follows:

	Three Months	Ende	d June 30,	t of Changes in eign Currency	Co	onstant Currency	
In thousands	2019		2018	change Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Device Solutions Segment			_	_		_	
Revenues	\$ 217,723	\$	236,146	\$ (12,104)	\$	(6,319)	\$ (18,423)
Gross profit	41,590		48,743	(2,868)		(4,285)	(7,153)
Operating expenses	13,235		14,233	(257)		(741)	(998)

	Six Months I	Ended	June 30,	ect of Changes in oreign Currency	Co	onstant Currency	
In thousands	 2019		2018	xchange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Device Solutions Segment			_	 _		_	
Revenues	\$ 439,478	\$	485,513	\$ (29,127)	\$	(16,908)	\$ (46,035)
Gross profit	81,506		102,347	(6,238)		(14,603)	(20,841)
Operating expenses	27,694		29,645	(685)		(1,266)	(1,951)

⁽¹⁾ Constant currency change is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the total change between periods excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues decreased \$18.4 million, or 8% for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the same period in 2018. During the three months ended June 30, 2019, product revenue decreased due to lower shipments for certain customer projects in Europe, Middle East, and Africa (EMEA) offset by higher product sales in North America. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates unfavorably impacted revenues by \$12.1 million.

Revenues - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues decreased \$46.0 million, or 9%. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates unfavorably impacted revenues by \$29.1 million. The decrease in revenue was also due to reduced shipments for certain customer projects in EMEA offset by higher product sales in North America.

Gross Margin - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Gross margin was 19.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 20.6% for the same period in 2018. The 150 basis point decrease over the prior year was primarily the result of increased component costs, partially offset by reduced warranty expense.

Gross Margin - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, gross margin was 18.5%, compared with 21.1% for the first six months in 2018. During 2019, the 260 basis point reduction over the prior year was primarily the result of increased component costs and partially offset by reduced variable warranty expense.

Operating Expenses - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses decreased \$1.0 million, or 7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. The decrease was primarily a result of lower research and development expense, offset by higher product marketing expense.

Operating Expenses - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses decreased \$2.0 million, or 7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. The decrease was primarily a result of lower research and development expense, offset by higher product marketing expense.

Networked Solutions:

The effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the constant currency changes in certain Networked Solutions operating segment financial results were as follows:

	Three Months	Ended	l June 30,	t of Changes in eign Currency	Co	nstant Currency	
In thousands	 2019		2018	change Rates	-	Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Networked Solutions Segment							
Revenues	\$ 355,916	\$	296,166	\$ (2,749)	\$	62,499	\$ 59,750
Gross profit	126,243		112,290	(908)		14,861	13,953
Operating expenses	28,208		30,349	(62)		(2,079)	(2,141)

	Six Months E	nded	June 30,	ct of Changes in reign Currency	Co	onstant Currency	
In thousands	2019		2018	xchange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Networked Solutions Segment							
Revenues	\$ 692,343	\$	598,504	\$ (6,388)	\$	100,227	\$ 93,839
Gross profit	253,311		226,531	(2,015)		28,795	26,780
Operating expenses	59,954		64,647	(140)		(4,553)	(4,693)

⁽¹⁾ Constant currency change is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the total change between periods excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues increased \$59.8 million, or 20%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the same period in 2018. The increase was primarily driven by higher product sales in North America, partially offset by \$2.7 million of unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues increased \$93.8 million, or 16%, for the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the same period in 2018. The increase was primarily related to increased product sales in North America offset by \$6.4 million of unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Gross Margin - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Gross margin was 35.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 37.9% for the same period in 2018. The 240 basis point decrease was related to unfavorable product mix and increased warranty costs.

Gross Margin - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Gross margin was 36.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 37.8% for the same period in 2018. The 120 basis point decrease was primarily related to unfavorable product mix and increased warranty costs.

Operating Expenses - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses decreased \$2.1 million, or 7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. The decrease was primarily related to lower research and development expenses.

Operating Expenses - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses decreased \$4.7 million, or 7%, for the six months ended 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. The decrease was primarily related to lower research and development expenses.

Outcomes:

The effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the constant currency changes in certain Outcomes operating segment financial results were as follows:

	 Three Months	Ended	l June 30,	t of Changes in eign Currency	Constant Currency			
In thousands	2019		2018	change Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾		Total Change
Outcomes Segment								
Revenues	\$ 61,398	\$	53,578	\$ (862)	\$	8,682	\$	7,820
Gross profit	23,381		15,544	(91)		7,928		7,837
Operating expenses	9,014		11,295	(45)		(2,236)		(2,281)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Effect of Changes in Foreign Currency			onstant Currency	
In thousands		2019		2018		Exchange Rates		Change ⁽¹⁾	Total Change
Outcomes Segment									
Revenues	\$	117,792	\$	109,094	\$	(2,162)	\$	10,860	\$ 8,698
Gross profit		43,660		27,554		(516)		16,622	16,106
Operating expenses		18,883		23,960		(98)		(4,979)	(5,077)

⁽¹⁾ Constant currency change is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the total change between periods excluding the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues increased \$7.8 million, or 15%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. The increase was driven by growth in software licenses and customer projects. Revenues were unfavorably impacted by \$0.9 million due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenues - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Revenues increased \$8.7 million, or 8%, for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with the same period in 2018. This growth was driven by software licenses and customer projects. Revenues were unfavorably impacted by \$2.2 million due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Gross Margin - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Gross margin increased to 38.1%, compared with 29.0% in 2018. The 910 basis point increase in gross margin was driven primarily by the growth in higher margin software licenses and professional services.

Gross Margin - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Gross margin increased to 37.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with 25.3% for the same period last year. The 1180 basis point increase was driven by growth in higher margin software licenses and professional services.

Operating Expenses - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 decreased \$2.3 million, or 20%, compared with 2018. This was primarily related to lower research and development expenses.

Operating Expenses - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2019 decreased \$5.1 million, or 21%, compared with the same period last year. This was primarily related to lower research and development and product marketing expenses.

Corporate unallocated:

Corporate Unallocated Expenses - Three months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Three months ended June 30, 2018

Operating expenses not directly associated with an operating segment are classified as "Corporate unallocated." These expenses decreased by \$2.9 million, or 3%, for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the same period in 2018. This was

primarily due to decreases in sales, general and administrative expenses and research and development spending, net of an increase in variable compensation.

Corporate Unallocated Expenses - Six months ended June 30, 2019 vs. Six months ended June 30, 2018

Corporate unallocated expenses decreased by \$150.5 million, or 42%, for the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared with the same period in 2018. The decrease was primarily due to lower restructuring expense and lower SSNI acquisition and integration expense in 2019.

Bookings and Backlog of Orders

Bookings for a reported period represent customer contracts and purchase orders received during the period for hardware, software, and services that have met certain conditions, such as regulatory and/or contractual approval. Total backlog represents committed but undelivered products and services for contracts and purchase orders at period-end. Twelve-month backlog represents the portion of total backlog that we estimate will be recognized as revenue over the next 12 months. Backlog is not a complete measure of our future revenues as we also receive significant book-and-ship orders, as well as frame contracts. Bookings and backlog may fluctuate significantly due to the timing of large project awards. In addition, annual or multi-year contracts are subject to rescheduling and cancellation by customers due to the long-term nature of the contracts. Beginning total backlog, plus bookings, minus revenues, will not equal ending total backlog due to miscellaneous contract adjustments, foreign currency fluctuations, and other factors. Total bookings and backlog include certain contracts with termination for convenience clause, which will not agree to the total transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations disclosed in Item 8: "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 16: Revenues".

Quarter Ended	Quarterly Bookings	Ending Total Backlog		12-N	ding Ionth klog
In millions					
June 30, 2019	\$ 702	\$	3,090	\$	1,403
March 31, 2019	473		3,022		1,375
December 31, 2018	786		3,173		1,349
September 30, 2018	593		3,112		1,350
June 30, 2018	579		3,113		1,426

Financial Condition

Cash Flow Information:

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
In thousands		2019		2018				
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	78,063	\$	16,879				
Cash used in investing activities		(16,738)		(832,340)				
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(46,527)		498,009				
Effect of exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		727		(4,841)				
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	15,525	\$	(322,293)				

Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash was \$137.9 million at June 30, 2019, compared with \$122.3 million at December 31, 2018. The \$15.5 million increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was primarily the result of cash flows from operations, partially offset by acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment; repurchases of shares; and net payments on debt.

$Operating\ activities$

Cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$78.1 million compared with cash provided by operating activities of \$16.9 million during the same period in 2018. The increase was primarily due to increased gross profit and lower cash outflows for acquisition and integration costs and restructuring costs.

Investing activities

Cash used by investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$815.6 million higher compared with the same period in 2018. This decrease in use of cash was primarily related to the acquisition of SSNI in 2018.

Financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$46.5 million, compared with net cash provided of \$498.0 million for the same period in 2018. In 2018, we had net draws on our debt of \$519.7 million to fund the acquisition of SSNI, as well as cash payments of \$24.0 million for debt origination fees. In 2019, we had stock repurchases of \$25.0 million and net repayments of debt of \$22.2 million.

Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents

The effect of exchange rates on the cash balances of currencies held in foreign denominations for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was an increase of \$0.7 million, compared with a decrease of \$4.8 million for the same period in 2018. The impact of exchange rates is the result of an increase in the U.S. dollar value compared with most foreign currencies during the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared with a decrease in value compared with most foreign currencies during the same period in 2018.

Free cash flow (Non-GAAP)

To supplement our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows presented on a GAAP basis, we use the non-GAAP measure of free cash flow to analyze cash flows generated from our operations. The presentation of non-GAAP free cash flow is not meant to be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our performance, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. We calculate free cash flows, using amounts from our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, as follows:

	Six M	Six Months Ended June 30,								
In thousands	2019			2018						
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7	8,063	\$	16,879						
Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment	(2	6,511)		(29,309)						
Free cash flow	\$ 5	1,552	\$	(12,430)						

Free cash flow increased primarily as a result of higher cash provided by operating activities due to a significant decrease in acquisition and integration costs related to our acquisition of SSNI in the 2018 period. See the cash flow discussion of operating activities above. In addition, acquisition of property, plant, and equipment decreased \$2.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 primarily due to investments related to our strategic sourcing projects and related manufacturing and supplier transitions in 2018.

Off-balance sheet arrangements:

We have no off-balance sheet financing agreements or guarantees as defined by Item 303 of Regulation S-K at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 that we believe are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, borrowings, and sales of common stock. Cash flows may fluctuate and are sensitive to many factors including changes in working capital and the timing and magnitude of capital expenditures and payments of debt. Working capital, which represents current assets less current liabilities, continues to be a net favorable position.

Borrowings

On January 5, 2018, we entered into a credit agreement providing for committed credit facilities in the amount of \$1.2 billion U.S. dollars, which amended and restated in its entirety our credit agreement dated June 23, 2015 and replaced committed facilities in the amount of \$725 million. The 2018 credit facility consists of a \$650 million U.S. dollar term loan (the term loan) and a multicurrency revolving line of credit (the revolver) with a principal amount of up to \$500 million. The revolver also contains a \$300 million standby letter of credit sub-facility and a \$50 million swingline sub-facility. Both the term loan and the revolver mature on January 5, 2023 and can be repaid without penalty. Amounts repaid on the term loan may not be reborrowed and amounts borrowed under the revolver during the credit facility term may be repaid and reborrowed until the revolver's maturity, at which time all outstanding loans together with all accrued and unpaid interest must be repaid. During the quarter ended June 30, 2019, we made debt prepayments on the term loan in excess of required principal payments and intend to make additional payments in excess of our current portion of debt in the next year.

For further description of our borrowing, refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 6: Debt."

For a description of our letters of credit and performance bonds, and the amounts available for additional borrowings or letters of credit under our lines of credit, including the revolver that is part of our credit facility, refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies."

Silver Spring Networks, Inc. Acquisition

As part of the acquisition of SSNI, we announced an integration plan to obtain approximately \$50 million of annualized savings by the end of 2020. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, we have paid out \$19.0 million and we have approximately \$30 million to \$40 million of estimated cash payments remaining on the integration plan, the majority of which is expected to be paid out in the next 12 months. We have recognized \$9.2 million and \$20.8 million of the acquisition and integration related expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019.

Restructuring

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, we have paid out a net \$10.9 million related to the restructuring projects. As of June 30, 2019, \$65.7 million was accrued for restructuring projects, of which \$24.4 million is expected to be paid over the next 12 months.

For further details regarding our restructuring activities, refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 12: Restructuring."

Stock Repurchase Authorization

On March 14, 2019, Itron's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock over a 12-month period (the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program). Following the announcement of the program and through June 30, 2019, we repurchased 529,396 shares at an average share price of \$47.22 (including commissions) for a total of \$25 million. The remaining amount authorized for repurchase under the 2019 Stock Repurchase Program is \$25 million. In accordance with the terms of our 5% senior notes indenture maturing January 15, 2026, we are limited to a total of \$25 million in stock repurchases in 2019. As we have already met that threshold, we will not repurchase any more shares for the remainder of 2019.

Other Liquidity Considerations

We have tax credits and net operating loss carryforwards in various jurisdictions that are available to reduce cash taxes. However, utilization of tax credits and net operating losses are limited in certain jurisdictions. Based on current projections, we expect to pay, net of refunds, approximately \$1 million in state taxes and \$17 million in local and foreign taxes during 2019. We do not expect to pay any U.S. federal taxes. For a discussion of our tax provision and unrecognized tax benefits, see Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 10: Income Taxes."

At June 30, 2019, we are under examination by certain tax authorities for the 2010 to 2017 tax years. The material jurisdictions where we are subject to examination for the 2010 to 2017 tax years include, among others, the United States, France, Germany, Italy, Brazil, and the United Kingdom. No material changes have occurred to previously disclosed assessments. We believe we have appropriately accrued for the expected outcome of all tax matters and do not currently anticipate that the ultimate resolution of these examinations will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, future results of operations, or liquidity.

As of June 30, 2019, there was \$31.9 million of cash and short-term investments held by certain foreign subsidiaries in which we are permanently reinvested for tax purposes. As a result of recent changes in U.S. tax legislation, any repatriation in the future would not result in U.S. federal income tax. Accordingly, there is no provision for U.S. deferred taxes on this cash. If this cash were repatriated to fund U.S. operations, additional withholding tax costs may be incurred. Tax is only one of the many factors that we consider in the management of global cash. Accordingly, the amount of taxes that we would need to accrue and pay to repatriate foreign cash could vary significantly.

In several of our consolidated international subsidiaries, we have joint venture partners, who are minority shareholders. Although these entities are not wholly-owned by Itron, Inc., we consolidate them because we have a greater than 50% ownership interest and/or because we exercise control over the operations. The noncontrolling interest balance in our Consolidated Balance Sheets represents the proportional share of the equity of the joint venture entities, which is attributable to the minority shareholders. At June 30, 2019, \$5.9 million of our consolidated cash balance is held in our joint venture entities. As a result, the minority shareholders of these entities have rights to their proportional share of this cash balance, and there may be limitations on our ability to repatriate cash to the United States from these entities.

General Liquidity Overview

We expect to grow through a combination of internal new research and development, licensing technology from and to others, distribution agreements, partnering arrangements, and acquisitions of technology or other companies. We expect these activities to be funded with existing cash, cash flow from operations, borrowings, or the sale of common stock or other securities. We believe existing sources of liquidity will be sufficient to fund our existing operations and obligations for the next 12 months and into the foreseeable future, but offer no assurances. Our liquidity could be affected by the stability of the electricity, gas, and water industries,

competitive pressures, our dependence on certain key vendors and components, changes in estimated liabilities for product warranties and/or litigation, future business combinations, capital market fluctuations, international risks, and other factors described under "Risk Factors" within Item 1A of Part I of our 2018 Annual Report, as well as "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" within Item 3 of Part I included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Contingencies

Refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies."

Critical Accounting Estimates and Policies

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Changes in these estimates and assumptions are considered reasonably possible and may have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements and thus actual results could differ from the amounts reported and disclosed herein. Our critical accounting policies that require the use of estimates and assumptions were discussed in detail in the 2018 Annual Report and have not changed materially, with the exception of the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, *Leases*.

Refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further disclosures regarding new accounting pronouncements.

Non-GAAP Measures

The accompanying schedule contains non-GAAP financial measures. To supplement our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP operating expense, non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP diluted EPS, adjusted EBITDA, constant currency and free cash flow. The presentation of this financial information is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP, and other companies may define such measures differently. We use these non-GAAP financial measures for financial and operational decision making and/or as a means for determining executive compensation. Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding our performance and ability to service debt by excluding certain expenses that may not be indicative of our recurring core operational results. These non-GAAP financial measures facilitate management's internal comparisons to our historical performance as well as comparisons to our competitors' operating results. Our executive compensation plans exclude non-cash charges related to amortization of intangibles and certain discrete cash and non-cash charges such as acquisition and integration related expenses, restructuring charges or goodwill impairment charges. We believe that both management and investors benefit from referring to these non-GAAP financial measures in assessing our performance and when planning, forecasting and analyzing future periods. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they provide greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in its financial and operational decision making and because they are used by our institutional investors and the analyst community to analyze the health of our business.

Non-GAAP operating expenses and non-GAAP operating income — We define non-GAAP operating expenses as operating expenses excluding certain expenses related to the amortization of intangible assets, restructuring, corporate transition costs, acquisition and integration, and goodwill impairment. We define non-GAAP operating income as operating income excluding the expenses related to the amortization of intangible assets, restructuring, corporate transition costs, acquisition and integration, and goodwill impairment. Acquisition and integration related expenses include costs, which are incurred to affect and integrate business combinations, such as professional fees, certain employee retention and salaries related to integration, severances, contract terminations, travel costs related to knowledge transfer, system conversion costs, and asset impairment charges. We consider these non-GAAP financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors because they exclude the effect of expenses that are related to acquisitions and restructuring projects. By excluding these expenses, we believe that it is easier for management and investors to compare our financial results over multiple periods and analyze trends in our operations. For example, in certain periods expenses related to amortization of intangible assets may decrease, which would improve GAAP operating margins, yet the improvement in GAAP operating margins due to this lower expense is not necessarily reflective of an improvement in our core business. There are some limitations related to the use of non-GAAP operating expenses and non-GAAP operating income versus operating expenses and operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP. We compensate for these limitations by providing specific information about the GAAP amounts excluded from non-GAAP operating expense and non-GAAP operating income together with GAAP operating expense and GAAP operating income together with GAAP operating expense and GAAP operating income.

Non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS — We define non-GAAP net income as net income attributable to Itron, Inc. excluding the expenses associated with amortization of intangible assets, amortization of debt placement fees, restructuring, corporate transition costs, acquisition and integration, goodwill impairment, and the tax effect of excluding these expenses. We define non-GAAP diluted EPS as non-GAAP net income divided by the weighted average shares, on a diluted basis, outstanding during each period. We consider these financial measures to be useful metrics for management and investors for the same reasons that we use non-GAAP operating income. The same limitations described above regarding our use of non-GAAP operating income apply to our use of non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS. We compensate for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts excluded from these non-GAAP measures and evaluating non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted EPS together with GAAP net income attributable to Itron, Inc. and GAAP diluted EPS.

For interim periods, beginning the first quarter of 2019, the budgeted annual effective tax rate (AETR) is used, adjusted for any discrete items, as defined in ASC 740 - Income Taxes. The budgeted AETR is determined at the beginning of the fiscal year. The AETR is revised throughout the year based on changes to our full-year forecast. If the revised AETR increases or decreases by 200 basis points or more from the budgeted AETR due to changes in the full-year forecast during the year, the revised AETR is used in place of the budgeted AETR beginning with the quarter the 200 basis point threshold is exceeded and going forward for all subsequent interim quarters in the year. We continue to assess the AETR based on latest forecast throughout the year and use the most recent AETR anytime it increases or decreases by 200 basis points or more from the prior interim period.

Adjusted EBITDA — We define adjusted EBITDA as net income (a) minus interest income, (b) plus interest expense, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets, restructuring, acquisition and integration related expense, corporate transition cost, goodwill impairment and (c) excluding income tax provision or benefit. Management uses adjusted EBITDA as a performance measure for executive compensation. A limitation to using adjusted EBITDA is that it does not represent the total increase or decrease in the

cash balance for the period and the measure includes some non-cash items and excludes other non-cash items. Additionally, the items that we exclude in our calculation of adjusted EBITDA may differ from the items that our peer companies exclude when they report their results. We compensate for these limitations by providing a reconciliation of this measure to GAAP net income.

<u>Free cash flow</u> — We define free cash flow as cash provided by (used in) operating activities less cash used for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment. We believe free cash flow provides investors with a relevant measure of liquidity and a useful basis for assessing our ability to fund our operations and repay our debt. The same limitations described above regarding our use of adjusted EBITDA apply to our use of free cash flow. We compensate for these limitations by providing specific information regarding the GAAP amounts and reconciling to free cash flow.

<u>Constant currency</u> — We refer to the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations in our discussions of financial results, which references the differences between the foreign currency exchange rates used to translate operating results from local currencies into U.S. dollars for financial reporting purposes. We also use the term "constant currency," which represents financial results adjusted to exclude changes in foreign currency exchange rates as compared with the rates in the comparable prior year period. We calculate the "constant currency" change as the difference between the current period results and the comparable prior period's results restated using current period foreign currency exchange rates.

Reconciliation of GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures

The accompanying tables have more detail on the GAAP financial measures that are most directly comparable to the non-GAAP financial measures and the related reconciliations between these financial measures.

TOTAL COMPANY RECONCILIATIONS	 Three Months	Ended		 Six Months	enaed.	
In thousands, except per share data	 2019		2018	 2019		2018
NON-GAAP OPERATING EXPENSES						
GAAP operating expenses	\$ 147,656	\$	156,014	\$ 314,096	\$	476,317
Amortization of intangible assets	(16,117)		(17,999)	(32,090)		(35,739
Restructuring	6,169		5,623	(1,093)		(82,242
Corporate transition cost	(473)		_	(1,556)		_
Acquisition and integration related expense	 (9,194)		(11,148)	 (20,759)		(73,795
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$ 128,041	\$	132,490	\$ 258,598	\$	284,541
NON-GAAP OPERATING INCOME						
GAAP operating income (loss)	\$ 43,558	\$	20,563	\$ 64,381	\$	(119,885
Amortization of intangible assets	16,117		17,999	32,090		35,739
Restructuring	(6,169)		(5,623)	1,093		82,242
Corporate transition cost	473		_	1,556		_
Acquisition and integration related expense	 9,194		11,148	20,759		73,795
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 63,173	\$	44,087	\$ 119,879	\$	71,891
NON-GAAP NET INCOME & DILUTED EPS						
GAAP income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc.	\$ 19,446	\$	2,657	\$ 17,539	\$	(143,009
Amortization of intangible assets	16,117		17,999	32,090		35,739
Amortization of debt placement fees	1,159		1,172	2,315		4,51:
Restructuring	(6,169)		(5,623)	1,093		82,242
Corporate transition cost	473		_	1,556		_
Acquisition and integration related expense	9,194		11,148	20,759		73,795
Income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments(1)	 (5,620)		(6,897)	(12,862)		(27,732
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Itron, Inc. (1)	\$ 34,600	\$	20,456	\$ 62,490	\$	25,550
Non-GAAP diluted EPS (1)	\$ 0.87	\$	0.51	\$ 1.57	\$	0.64
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted	 39,686		39,789	 39,875		39,782
ADJUSTED EBITDA						
GAAP income (loss) attributable to Itron, Inc.	\$ 19,446	\$	2,657	\$ 17,539	\$	(143,009
Interest income	(534)		(633)	(862)		(1,294
Interest expense	13,496		14,645	27,031		30,149
Income tax provision (benefit)	8,419		3,781	14,540		(7,40)
Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	28,641		30,907	57,068		61,979
Restructuring	(6,169)		(5,623)	1,093		82,242
Corporate transition cost	473		_	1,556		_
Acquisition and integration related expense	9,194		11,148	20,759		73,795
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 72,966	\$	56,882	\$ 138,724	\$	96,455
FREE CASH FLOW						
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 53,139	\$	41,327	\$ 78,063	\$	16,879
Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment	(15,096)		(11,876)	(26,511)		(29,309
Free Cash Flow	\$ 38,043	\$	29,451	\$ 51,552	\$	(12,430

The income tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments is calculated using the statutory tax rates for the relevant jurisdictions, provided no valuation allowance exists. If a valuation allowance exists, there is no tax impact to the non-GAAP adjustment. Effective for the first quarter of 2019, we use the budgeted annual effective tax rate (AETR) for interim periods, with adjustments for discrete items, as defined in ASC 740 - Income Taxes. This method impacts interim periods only and does not impact full year tax results, as any difference between the budgeted or revised AETR and the actual AETR for non-GAAP adjustments would be recognized in the fourth quarter of the year. If the revised methodology had been applied in the second quarter of 2018, non-GAAP net income would have increased by \$1.7 million to \$22.2 million, and diluted non-GAAP EPS would have increased by \$0.05 to \$0.56. If the methodology had been applied in the six months ended 2018 non-GAAP net income would have increased by \$5.8 million to \$31.3 million, and diluted non-GAAP EPS would have increased by \$0.15 to \$0.79.

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risks that could impact our financial position and results of operations. As part of our risk management strategy, we may use derivative financial instruments to hedge certain foreign currency and interest rate exposures. Our objective is to offset gains and losses resulting from these exposures with losses and gains on the derivative contracts used to hedge them, therefore reducing the impact of volatility on earnings or protecting the fair values of assets and liabilities. We use derivative contracts only to manage existing underlying exposures. Accordingly, we do not use derivative contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk through our variable rate debt instruments. In October 2015, we entered into an interest rate swap, which is effective from August 31, 2016 to June 23, 2020, and converts \$214 million of our LIBOR-based debt from a floating LIBOR interest rate to a fixed interest rate of 1.42% (excluding the applicable margin on the debt). The notional balance will amortize to maturity at the same rate as required minimum payments on our term loan. At June 30, 2019, our LIBOR-based debt balance was \$615.6 million.

In November 2015, we entered into three interest rate cap contracts with a total notional amount of \$100 million. The interest rate cap contracts expire on June 23, 2020 and were entered into in order to limit our interest rate exposure on \$100 million of our variable LIBOR-based debt up to 2.00%. In the event LIBOR is higher than 2.00%, we will pay interest at the capped rate of 2.00% with respect to the \$100 million notional amount of such agreements. The interest rate cap contracts do not include the effect of the applicable margin.

In April 2018, we entered into a cross-currency swap, which converts \$56.0 million of floating rate U.S. Dollar denominated debt into fixed rate euro denominated debt. This cross-currency swap matures on April 30, 2021 and mitigates the risk associated with fluctuations in interest and currency rates impacting cash flows related to a U.S. Dollar denominated debt in a euro functional currency entity.

The table below provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates and the scheduled minimum repayment of principal and the weighted average interest rates at June 30, 2019. Weighted average variable rates in the table are based on implied forward rates in the Reuters U.S. dollar yield curve as of June 30, 2019 and our estimated leverage ratio, which determines our additional interest rate margin at June 30, 2019.

Dollars in thousands	2019		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	F	air Value
Variable Rate Debt										
Principal: U.S. dollar term loan	\$ 6,250	\$	44,688	\$ 60,937	\$ 65,000	\$ 438,750	\$ _	\$ 615,625	\$	609,865
Weighted average interest rate	3.77%	6	3.33%	3.25%	3.29%	3.37%				
Principal: Multicurrency revolving line of credit	s —	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_
Weighted average interest rate	3.77%	6	3.33%	3.25%	3.29%	3.37%				
Interest rate swap										
Weighted average interest rate (pay) Fixed	1.42%	6	1.42%							
Weighted average interest rate (receive) Floating LIBOR	2.02%	6	1.66%							
Net/Spread	0.60%	6	0.24%							
Interest rate cap										
Cap rate	2.00%	6	2.00%							
Weighted average interest rate Floating LIBOR	2.02%	6	1.66%							
Weighted average interest rate (receive)	0.02%	6	%							
Cross currency swap										
Weighted average interest rate (pay) Fixed - EURIBOR	1.38%	6	1.38%	1.38%						
Weighted average interest rate (receive) Floating - LIBOR	2.02%	6	1.58%	1.46%						

Based on a sensitivity analysis as of June 30, 2019, we estimate that, if market interest rates average one percentage point higher in 2019 than in the table above, our financial results in 2019 would not be materially impacted.

We continually monitor and assess our interest rate risk and may institute additional derivative instruments to manage such risk in the future.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We conduct business in a number of countries. As a result, approximately half of our revenues and operating expenses are denominated in foreign currencies, which expose our account balances to movements in foreign currency exchange rates that could have a material effect on our financial results. Our primary foreign currency exposure relates to non-U.S. dollar denominated transactions in our international subsidiary operations, the most significant of which is the euro. Revenues denominated in functional currencies other than the U.S. dollar were 36% and 37% of total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 compared with 42% and 43% for the same respective period in 2018.

We are also exposed to foreign exchange risk when we enter into non-functional currency transactions, both intercompany and third party. At each periodend, non-functional currency monetary assets and liabilities are revalued with the change recognized to other income and expense. We enter into monthly foreign exchange forward contracts, which are not designated for hedge accounting, with the intent to reduce earnings volatility associated with currency exposures. As of June 30, 2019, a total of 48 contracts were offsetting our exposures from the Euro, Pound Sterling, Indonesian Rupiah, Chinese Yuan, Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee and various other currencies, with notional amounts ranging from \$131,000 to \$9.4 million. Based on a sensitivity analysis as of June 30, 2019, we estimate that, if foreign currency exchange rates average ten percentage points higher in 2019 for these financial instruments, our financial results in 2019 would not be materially impacted.

In future periods, we may use additional derivative contracts to protect against foreign currency exchange rate risks.

Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that as of June 30, 2019, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure the information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

Changes in internal controls over financial reporting

In the ordinary course of business, we review our system of internal control over financial reporting and make changes to our applications and processes to improve such controls and increase efficiency, while ensuring that we maintain an effective internal control environment. Changes may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient applications and automating manual processes. We are continuing to upgrade our global enterprise resource software applications at certain of our locations outside of the United States. We will continue to upgrade our financial applications in stages, and we believe the related changes to processes and internal controls will allow us to be more efficient and further enhance our internal control over financial reporting.

Except for these changes, there have been no other changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2019 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

Refer to Item 1: "Financial Statements (Unaudited), Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies."

Item 1A: Risk Factors

There were no material changes to risk factors during the second quarter of 2019 from those previously disclosed in Item 1A: "Risk Factors" of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2019.

Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) Not applicable.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Issuer Repurchase of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Ave	rage Price Paid per Share ⁽²⁾	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	of S	simum Dollar Value Shares that May Yet Purchased Under Plans or Programs
						(in thousands)
April 1, 2019 through April 30, 2019	363,996	\$	47.21	363,996	\$	25,000
May 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019	13,083		60.77	_		25,000
June 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019	2,215		57.79	_		25,000
Total	379,294			363,996		

⁽¹⁾ Shares repurchased represent shares transferred to us by certain employees who vested in restricted stock units and used shares to pay all, or a portion of, the related taxes. On March 14, 2019, Itron's Board authorized a new repurchase program of up to \$50 million of our common stock over a 12-month period. Repurchases are made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, and in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Item 5: Other Information

- (a) No information was required to be disclosed in a report on Form 8-K during the second quarter of 2019 that was not reported.
- (b) Not applicable.

⁽²⁾ Includes commissions.

Item 6: Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibits
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.
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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

		ITRON, INC.
August 5, 2019	By:	/s/ JOAN S. HOOPER
Date		Joan S. Hooper
		Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Philip C. Mezey, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Itron, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

	Philip C. Mezey President and Chief Executive Officer
By:	/s/ PHILIP C. MEZEY
	ITRON, INC.

Date: August 5, 2019

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Joan S. Hooper, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Itron, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

·	Joan S. Hooper Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
By:	/s/ JOAN S. HOOPER
	ITRON, INC.

Date: August 5, 2019

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The certification set forth below is being submitted in connection with the Quarterly Report of Itron, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019 (the Report) for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

Philip C. Mezey, the Chief Executive Officer and Joan S. Hooper, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certifies that to the best of his or her knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ PHILIP C. MEZEY

Philip C. Mezey
President and Chief Executive Officer
August 5, 2019

/s/ JOAN S. HOOPER

Joan S. Hooper Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer August 5, 2019